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THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,418—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—MONDAY, AUGUST 21, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
26th Aug	CALEDONIA	8003	.....	...
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
9th "	OCEANA	7030	.....	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
23rd "	EGYPT	8003	.....	...
30th "	SALSETTE	6003	MOOLTAN	10050
7th Octr	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
21st "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
28th "	MANTUA b	11000	CHINA	8003

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

b The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES transhipped at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7030	.....	...
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6003	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000	.....	...
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10000	.....	...
9th "	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23rd "	*ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
30th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
3rd "	MARMORA	10000	.....	...
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th "	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
4th May.	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	EGYPT	8000	.....	...

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or 8S. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Str.	Rs. 588 or 8s. 627	Rs. 742 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly as under on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Balduino	4,530	D. Maganzini	15th Sept. 1911
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Oct. 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th Nov. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Oct. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Nov. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

CLARKES 9. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dwarka	1695	Thurs.	24th Aug.	9 a.m.	direct.
Linga	2185	Fri.	25th Aug.	6 a.m.†	direct.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dwarka," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 24th Aug. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomera.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Pundua," 3,305 tons, on Wednesday, 23rd August, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Purnea," 3306 tons, on or about 7th September, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Virawa," 3380 tons, on or about 26th August.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

21st August, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	31st Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365	Aumeran	28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	6,533	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	Sellier	23rd Nov. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	Bruno	18th Jan. 1912.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	15th Feb. 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Oceanien	4,143	Sellier	8th Sept. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	6th Oct. 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road, Agent

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Elysia	6358	W. Robertson	21st Aug. 1911.
Massilia	5091	J. Taomson	8th Sept. "
Olympia	5124	R.H. Brown, R.N.R.	23rd " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	9th Oct. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	18th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	R.H. Brown, R.N.R.	20th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

		Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6363 A. Haig	28th Feb. 1912
Massilia	5091 J. Thomson	9th Mar. "
Olympia	5124 R.H. Brown, R.N.R.	24th " "
Circassia	6716 C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. "
Scindia	5106 Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388 J. Hamilton	4th May "
Elysia	6363 A. Haig	17th " "
Massilia	5091 J. Thomson	3rd June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 893	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

SHIPPING.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000,000

RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,460,398,39

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, American Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000

RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL.....£1,200,000

RESERVE FUND.....£1,625,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:

38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manila
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Java
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Malacca	Canton.
Rangoon	Kuala Lumpur (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Colombo	Klang (F. M. States.	Shanghai
Karachi	Seremban (F. M. States.	Tientsin
Amritsar	Bangkok	Hankow
Penang	Batavia	Yokohama.
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Surabaya	Kobe
	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

CHRISTENING GIFTS.

STERLING SILVER.

PORRINGERS

MUGS

BOWLS

EGGCUPS

SPOONS

NURSERY RHYMES

Cased single or combination sets of cups, spoon ring, fork.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

FRESH GRUYERE PARMESAN GORGONZOLA, DUTCH BALLS in tin foil CHEDDAR LOAFS CAMEMBERT in tins, (cheeses).

MACCARONI VERMICELLI AND SOUP PASTES assortments Pure genuine OLIVE OIL of the Olives.

PURE ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR.

Just to hand real RUSSIAN HERRINGS in small Kegs, sold loose at 4 ans. each.

Our GRIGNOLINO (CLARET) WINE is genuine and unadulterated now in great demand. Rs. 12 per dozen bottles.

Various other Brands of High Class Wines.

Singapore Rattan CHAIRS, Settees, tables, and Easy Chairs always in stock.

HAM, BACON AND CHEESE.

PRIME'S CUMBERLAND HAM	in canvas	... Rs. 1-2	per lb.
" "	" cooked on cut	... " 2-8	"
BEST WILTSHIRE BACON	"	... Re. 1-0	"
FINEST GRUYERE CHEESE	"	... " 1-0	"
PRIME'S ENGLISH CHEDDAR	"	... " 1-0	"
MIDGET GOUDAS, in tins	each	... " 1-0	
CREME DE LA CREME, in tins about 4lbs. each		... Rs. 3-0	

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS BY EVERY THROUGH MAIL

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 325. Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS,"—BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of peculiarness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood, from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, gbitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/6. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and practical means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order 8ixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

VETARZO FOR INDIA—TREMAINE AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, BOULLA AND POONA.

ANOTHER 10,000 MILES

on one Dunlop cover. This time on a Taxi-cab, the hardest and most unfair wear that a tyre can have.

The Manager of Messrs. Wright and Jackson, Brook House Garage, Sefton Park, Liverpool, wrote on January 10th 1911, as follows:—

"We are sending you to-day one 815 × 105 Dunlop cover recently taken off one of our 14/16 horse power Belsize cars. Our reason for so doing is to express to you our satisfaction with the wear your tyres are giving us. This tyre has covered 10,000 miles, which in our opinion is in every way satisfactory, taking into consideration the various kinds of roads encountered in our class of work. The fact that the tyre has worn down to the last shred of canvas is ample proof of the superiority of the casing, considering that the cover ran throughout without a single burst."

DUNLOP

Tyers are made to wear.

MADRAS OFFICE ... ... 188 c, Mount Road,
BOMBAY OFFICE ... ... 3, Wallace Street.

150° "SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL. 150°

"SHELL" 150° "SHELL"

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA. 150° TEST

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" "SHELL"

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

150° 150°

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Re.1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Re. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day, As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.
WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE MADHOWJI DHARAMSI MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF PAYMENT OF AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half-year ending 30th June, 1911.

NOTICE is hereby given that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND, for the half-year ending 30th June, 1911, of Rupees twenty-five (Rs. 25) per Share, equal to 10 per cent. will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 21st day of August, 1911, to the Shareholders of the Madhowjee Dharamsey Manufacturing Company, Limited, whose names appear in the Company's Register on the 7th day of August, 1911, on production of Share Certificates at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, Bruce Lane, Fort, Bombay.

GOCULDAS MADHOWJI SONS & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

KARACHI MUNICIPALITY.

Particulars and Conditions of a 4 per cent. Loan of Rs. 6,79,500 being the balance of a Rs. 8,10,000 Loan sanctioned for Extention of the Karachi Water Works, vide Government Resolution No. 2386, dated 15th July, 1910.

WITH the sanction of the Government of India the Municipality of Karachi invite Tenders for the above loan to the extent of Rs. 6,79,500 only.

2. The Loan is to be raised on the security of the general revenues of the Karachi Municipality. The excellent financial condition of which will be seen from the figures showing the income and expenditure for the last four years, as given below :—

Year.	Income.	Expenditure.	Surplus income over expenditure
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1907-08 ...	12,05,501	10,35,485	...
1908-09 ...	13,00,319	10,60,676	...
1909-10 ...	17,82,679	10,48,380	...
1910-11 ...	11,09,057	11,79,507	...
Total for 4 years ...	53,97,556	43,24,547	10,73,109
Average per annum...	13,49,414	10,81,137	2,68,277

TENDERS.

3. Tenders for the whole or any portion of the Loan will be received up to 2 P.M., (Standard Time), on Wednesday, 30th August, 1911, by the Chief Officer and Chief Engineer, Karachi Municipality, at the Municipal Office, Karachi.

4. Tenders must be for sums of Rs. 500 or multiples of Rs. 500. Each Tender must be in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender for the balance of Rs. 6,79,500 of the Rs. 8,10,000 Loan for extension of Municipal Water Works, Karachi."

5. The rate at which each Tender is made must be specified in rupees or in rupees and annas; it must not contain a fraction of an anna; if a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

6. The Municipality do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any Tender or Tenders, and further reserve to themselves the right to accept the whole or such portion only as they may think proper of any sum tendered for.

7. Instalments will be payable either into the Municipal Office, or into the Bank of Bombay, Karachi, as follows :—

10 per cent. on application.
15 per cent. on allotment.
25 per cent. three months after allotment.
50 per cent. six months after allotment.

8. If after the acceptance of any tender, either wholly or in part, the payments are not made as specified above, all payments made in connection with the Tender will be forfeited.

9. The deposits on Tenders which have not been accepted will be returned without interest.

INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.

10. Debentures will be issued for sums of Rs. 500 and will bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent. payable half yearly on 1st March and 1st September.

11. Interest will be calculated on the first instalment from date of allotment, and on subsequent instalments from due date of payment of such instalments.

12. A sufficient sum will be set aside annually and invested to provide for the repayment of the Loan on the dates specified.

REPAYMENT.

13. The loan will be repayable in two decennial instalments of Rs. 3,40,000 and Rs. 3,39,500 respectively. The debentures to be repaid after the first decennial period will be drawn by lot at an Assembly of Municipal Councillors.

14. Forms of Tender can be obtained on application to the Chief Officer and Chief Engineer, Municipal Office, Karachi.

H. C. MULES,
President,
Karachi Municipality.

Municipal Office, Karachi, 12th July, 1911.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for information that I, ADAMJI MULLA ABDULALLY, propose erecting a THEATRE at New Chuarney Road, on the vacant ground belonging to the Improvement Trust, and numbered 52, Scheme III admeasuring about 1,200 sq. yds. and situated in the Municipal D. Ward.

Notice is hereby given that any objections to the erection of the said THEATRE should be received by the COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, Bombay, not later than the 22nd day of August, 1911, that is within 14 days from the issue of this notice.

Bombay, 7th August, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

NORTH-EAST ROUTE.	NORTH-WEST ROUTE
Corridor—Restaurant Car Express between Bombay and Delhi, from 1st November.	Mail Train between Bombay and Delhi from 1st November, via Ahmedabad, Abu and Jaipur. Restaurant Car between Ahmedabad and Ajmer.

DOWN.		DOWN.	
Bombay (Colaba)	D. 22-0	Bombay (Colaba)	D. 21-30
Delhi	A. 6-45	Delhi	A. 8-45
UP.		UP.	
Delhi	D. 22-45	Delhi	D. 21-0
Bombay (Colaba)	A. 7-20	Bombay (Colaba)	A. 8-15

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will be run when necessary leaving Bombay in the evening and arriving at Delhi at a convenient hour in the morning.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. Railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

A Special Fast Express Goods Service will run daily by the broad-gauge route for the conveyance of Motor Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 3rd August, 1911.

PRADER RIPU.

A Sure Remedy for Leucorrhœa (Whites). Cure is imminent. Strongly recommended to try it once. Price Rs. 3 a bottle. Apply to

SAPAT & CO.,
Chemists, Bombay. No. 2.

AMUSEMENTS.

POONA RACES.
FIRST MEETING.

2ND, 6TH, 9TH and 16TH SEPTEMBER, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that FINAL ENTRIES CLOSE, on TUESDAY, 22nd August, 1911.

POONA RACES.
SECOND MEETING.

23RD, 27TH and 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that SECOND ENTRIES CLOSE, on TUESDAY, 22nd August, 1911.

J. E. HUGHES,
Ag. Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 16th August, 1911.

POONA SEVENTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 26TH AUGUST, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES, at 6 P.M., on MONDAY, 21st August, 1911.

J. E. HUGHES,
Ag. Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 16th Aug., 1911.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT,

AIDA

AN

EGYPTIAN TRAGEDY.

THE BRAGGER.
A would-be Sportsman.

FOOLSHEAD.
In his hunt for a lost needle

AND

OTHER POPULAR PICTURES.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

SKATING RINK.

SPORTS ON SKATES.

MONDAY, 21ST AUGUST, 1911.

USUAL SKATING SESSION, at 9-30 (S.T.)

SPORTS Commence at 10-30.

GENERAL SKATING AFTER THE SPORTS UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense yill be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BANK OF BOMBAY SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,

TRY THE

MAY BLOSSOM.

THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

APPLY EARLY TO

CROFT MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS

RETAIL SUPPLIERS :—Messrs. BRANDON & CO., Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.

Good Cakes, Good Pastry, Good Piecrust, Good Puddings—light, well raised and digestible—are yours if you use

"PAISLEY FLOUR"
(Trade Mark)

—the *sure* raising powder.

Mix one part to eight parts ordinary flour. "Paisley Flour" is of great assistance to beginners in home baking. For experienced cooks it is no less a boon.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

REPAIRS TO MOTOR CARS.—That is our speciality. No work too small, none too large. Honest and intelligent workmanship. No broken promises. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING CO., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order," and even now it works as it it were quite new. Mrs. L. ALMEIDA, Girgaum, Bombay.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of 'Bombay Gazette" Office

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 8ands from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 11d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes: — 9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand If) printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

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THERAPION No. 1
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Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c., when mercurial treatment fails.

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Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.

Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

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CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
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ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
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By L. P. Parikh Rs. 6.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe,
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, W. J. K. HEGARTY,
BOMBAY, Acting Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... „ 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... „ 16,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter period as on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 375,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, LONDON E.C.

CAPITAL £1,000,000

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BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the interest for the half year is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits fixed for one year and shorter periods, at rates which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Paid up Capital.....$	15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....$	15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund .....$	16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....$	1,600,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

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AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
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CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
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HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

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Are received for varying periods up to 12 months a term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

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Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

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NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Princes Street.
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Total funds exceed.....£21,000,000.

A BONUS

has just been declared at the rate of 30 shillings per cent per annum and is allocated on the Compound System. This Bonus is therefore equivalent to an addition of from Rs. 15 per thousand on new Policies to Rs. 36-8 per thousand on the oldest Policies which have thus been doubled in amount by such additions of bonuses.

INDIAN LIVES are insured at European rates of premium. For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, etc., apply to

KING, KING & Co.
Secretaries,

KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

N. B.—WANTED Energetic and Influential AGENTS on exceptionally liberal terms.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with
RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down

For full particulars apply to—

CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

The Sale of late Mrs. Brigg's furniture advertized for 22nd August is postponed till the 26th August.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from Messrs. Smetham, Byrne & Co., Attorneys for the executor of the late Mr. Thomas Mellor (of the Finlay Mills, Parel), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 21st August, 1911, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the effects of the deceased, consisting of glassware, crockeryware, platedware, furniture, such as writing table book case, rocking chair, cane furniture, cottage piano by Rose & Co., iron bedstead, safe, one gent's and two ladys' cycles, one rubber-tyred victoria, in good order, with bay, Australian mare, and harness, etc.

The above is on view.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 21st instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as sponda almyrah in 3 pieces teak double bedstead made to order, cots, meatsafe, cupboard, sofas, easy chairs, iron safes, almyrahs, office table, phonographs.

Several banjoes, violins, mandolines guitar cornet, etc.

Under instructions from the Postmaster-General, unservicable goods such as canvas and drill bags and also unclaimed articles from the Dead Letter office, such as books, gold ring, silver and metal watches, defaced stamps, medicines, wearing apparels, etc.

At 3 P.M.

Several gents' bicycles by different makers. The property of a Hindu gentleman.

1 English rubber-tyred mailphaeton.
1 second-hand office shigram.
1 fast bay carriage horse.
The property of a gentleman going home.
1 rubber-tyred victoria with bay Australian gelding.

SALE OF FURNITURE, GODREJ SAFE AND SILVER UTENSILS.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esqr., the Receiver in Suit No. 1142 of 1909 (Purshotam vs. Sunderdas), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms in Apollo Street, Fort, opposite Government Dockyard, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 21st August, at 4 p.m., (S. T.) the following :—

Safe by Godrej, 24×24×30 inches, almyrah, sofa, argand lamps, chandeliers, chairs, boxes, cots, etc., also a large quantity of silver utensils such as handa, gagar, trays, lotias, kettle, tea set, cups, etc.

The above is on view.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 21st August, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Goods, Grain Sweeping, etc.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 25th August 1911, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Depot at Carnac Bridge :—

A number of bags of grain and seeds and a quantity of grain sweeping, iron and other miscellaneous goods etc.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 21st August, 1911.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.

A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE ½ ANNA,

To be had from the "Bombay Gazette."

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, at Abdul Rahiman Street, or Rangari Moholla, out of Fort, Bombay.

Under instructions from and by the order of Messrs. J. B. Patel & Co., Attorneys for the sons of owners who are the mortgagors and with the consent and concurrence of Radiabai, widow of Haji Husein Ebrahim Massalavala and Cassum Haji Tar Mahomed, the mortgagees, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJI & Co., Auctioneers, will, on THURSDAY, the 31st day of August, 1911, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned property on the premises, at 4-30 o'clock (S. T.), in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground, containing by admeasurement 17 1-2 feet in breath and 80 feet in length, or thereabouts be the same little more or less together with all messuage, tenement or buildings standing thereon, situate lying and being on the western side of Abdul Rahman Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 1951, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under C Ward No. 17, and Street No. 86, 88 and 92 and bounded as follows, i, e. :—On or towards the north by the house of Khatri Arab Adam, on or towards the east by the said Abdul Rahman Street, on or towards the south by the house of Khatri Jacob, and on or towards the west by a sweeper's passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. J. B. Patel and Co., Solicitors for the owners, at their office, Sidick Building, Horaby Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 21st August, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET

AUCTION SALE OF valuable landed property at Chinchpogly.

Under instructions from the executors of the last will and testament and codicil of Bai Cooverbai, widow of Dayal Baimji the Mortgagee and on account and risk of Messrs. Gooculdass Bhamoo and Narandas Khimji Bhamoo the Mortgagors Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on MONDAY the 4th proximo, sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the following :—

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground together with the buildings standing thereon situate at Chinchpogly without the Fort of Bombay containing by admeasurement 870 8-9 sq. yds or thereabouts assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward No. 1 1071 and Street No. 31 and bounded on the east by the Company's Road, on the west by the property belonging to Mahomed Mooloo, on the north by the property belonging to the Company and on the south by the Kala Chowkey Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishanker Kaega and Ghirdharlal, Solicitors, at Hornby Road or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES, AT LOWER MAHIM, NEAR DADAR.

Suit No: 44 of 1909.
Murzello vs. Murzello.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esqr., receiver, appointed herein, Messrs BENNETT and Co., will, on SUNDAY the 24th proximo, sell by Public Auction, on the premises, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), the following :—

Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground known as Vaval, situated at Lower Mahim, within the Island of Bombay, and within the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, bearing Collector's Old No. 307, New No. , Old Survey No. 328, New Survey No. 1600, containing by admeasurement 12,501 sq yds or thereabouts, together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling-houses standing thereon, and Registered by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward Nos. 4462, 4463, 4464, Street No. 822-23-24, Bhandarwada Road, and standing in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay, and of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes Bombay, in the name of the deceased Daniel Francisco-Murzello, and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the east by Public Gully, on or towards the west, Bhandarwada Road, now called Mahim Bazar Road, on or towards the north partly by the Oart of Harrivallabhdas Balgowindas and partly by the Oart of N. S. DeSalvador, and on or towards the south partly by the Oart of Harrivallabhdas Balgowindas, partly by the Oart of N. S. DeSalvador and partly by the Oart of Damodar Morobs.

Secondly :—All that piece or parcel of pension and tax-land or ground known as Bombolem, situated at Lower Mahim within the Island of Bombay, and within the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, bearing Old No. 155, New No. 3769, Old Survey No. 353, New Survey No. 1475, containing by admeasurement 2,138 sq. yds. or thereabouts, together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling-houses standing thereon, and Registered by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 3505, Street No. 969 Hasak Tank Road, standing in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, and of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay, in the name of the said deceased Daniel Francisco-Murzello, and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the east by the Oart of Hasali Tank Road, on or towards the west by the Oart of N. S. DeSalvador, on or towards the north by the Oart of D. Walles, and on or towards the south by the Oart of J. F. Rodrigues.

Thirdly.—All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground known as Boghet, situated at Dadar, Lower Mahim, within the Island of Bombay and within the Registration Sub-district of Bombay bearing Collector's Old No. 4, New No. 3445, Old Survey No. , and New Survey No. 1464, containing by admeasurement 5,798 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, and Registered by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward No. 3193-95, Street No. 657-59, and standing in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay, and of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes Bombay, in the name of Daniel Francisco-Murzello, and bounded as follows : That is to say on or towards the east by the Oart of Moroba Bhiuji, on or towards the west by the Portuguese Road, on or towards the north partly by the Oart of Rambhawoo Bhende and partly by the Oart of , and on or towards the south by the Oart of S. D'Almeda.

Fourthly.—All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground known as Rompsas, situated at Lower Mahim, Dadar within the Island of Bombay and within the Registration Sub-district of Bombay bearing Collector's Old Nos. 343, 343, Now Nos. 4073, 4,075, Old Survey No. 357, and New Survey No. 1450, containing by admeasurement 9156 sq. yds. or thereabouts, together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling-houses standing thereon, and Registered by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward No. 4321, Street Nos. 681,682, Portuguese Church Road, and standing in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue and of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes Bombay, in the name of Daniel Francisco-Murzello, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the east by the Oart of Dr. DeSilva, on or towards the west by the Hasali Tank Road, on or towards the north by the Oart of D. Walles, and on or towards the south by the Portuguese Road.

The above will be sold in separate lots on Plot No. 4 known as "Rompsas."

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Jehangir, Mehta and Somji, Solicitors, at Bell Lane, Fort or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 21st August, 1911.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—

9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do, *
* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

TO BE LET.

A LARGE airy and up-to-date OFFICE, on the 1st floor of Wheeler's Building, Hornby Road, Lift, E. L. and Fans. Apply—

A. H. WHEELER AND CO.,
on premises.

GUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, August 18.] [BOMBAY, August 19.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
3 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	78 3-16		1-4
do. Rentes ...	94 3-4	un	chgd
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	94	un	chgd
4 1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	94 5-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence...	24 1-8	1-16	
Bar silver in New York ...	54	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25-26 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin...	20-43 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. New York ...	4-86	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate...	3 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	9th Mar.		
3 months' sight	2 3-4	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	3 5-8	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 1-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 7-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1 1-4	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	1 1-4		1-8

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 5-15-16 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—China buying.
Amount paid into the Bank of England, about £350,000.
The Bombay mails of the 5th instant, arrived at Brindisi yesterday afternoon.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Barely steady. Dull.
Futures	Quiet. Steady.
East Indian	.....
Manchester	Business very restricted.
Total Sales	1,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	1.0
Imports	.....
Mid-americans	6-69 -01
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	9 11-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
6'28	6'07	6'02	5'97	5'97
+01	+01	+02	+02	+02
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-april.	April-May.	
5'97	5'99	6'00	6 01	
+01	+02	+01	+01	

New York Official noon call Oct. 11-20 Jan. 11-24
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct. 11-15 Jan. 11-19
Until further notice the Liverpool market opens at 11 a.m.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	7,000
Receipts at ,, last year ...	.....
Exports to Great Britain ...	.....
Exports to Continent ...	4,000
Spot Cotton—	...12·50 +10
Futures—Month of Oct. 11·33 +10	Declined on reported slack spot demand and advanced on unfavorable weather reports.
Futures—Month of Dec. 11·40 +13	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	... 11 7-8 unchgd
Futures month of Oct.	... 11·3 +13
Futures month of Dec.	... 11·28 +10
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Quiet.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of cotton at U. S. Ports	38,000
Do. exports to Great Britain	5,000
Do. do. to France and Continent	9,000
Do. do. to Japan	.....
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports	58,000
Do. do. at interior Ports	82,000
Stock of Cotton in London	16,480

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—

Total actual Exports	5,000
do Forwarded	1,000
do Imports	15,000
do Stock	513,000

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G.	d 5
F. G. Bengal M. G.	d 5 2-16
Fine Bengal M. G.	d 5 4-16
Good Bhowngger	d 5 11-16
F. G. Bhowngger	d 5 13-16
Fine Bhowngger	d 5 15-16
Good Oomras M. G.	d 5 12-16
F. G. Oomras M. G.	d 5 14-16
Fine Oomras M. G.	d 6
Good M. G. Oomras	d 5 10-16
Fine M. G. Oomras	d 5 14-16
Good Broach	d 6 1-16
F. G. Broach	d 6 7-32
Fine Broach	d 6 6-16
Good Khandeish	d 5 9-16
F. G. Khandeish	d 5 11-16
F. G. F. Tinnevelly Liverpool O. I. F....	d 6 1-4
Buyers, &c—Nominal. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Good Tinnevelly	... d 6 5-16
Fair Red Cocanada C. I. F. London	... d 5 13-32
Cocanada Ginned C I F London	... d 5 16-32
G. M. Westerns C I F London	... d 5 17-32

YARN.

40s Banner Mill Twist ...	10 1-4
George Magall's Yarn ...	10 1-4

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi	... 35 1-2 +1-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Done.	
Wheat Red Karachi	... 34 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Buyers.	
Tone—Firmer.	

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs.	... 35 3-8 +1-8
Do. Months—August.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Sellers.—Firmer.	
Barletta Russ 62 1-2lbs.—	... 35
Do. Months—August-Sept.	
Buyers &c.—Value.—Firmer.	

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	... 35 3-4 +1-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept—Sellers.	

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship	... Nominal.
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship	... 49 3-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwarp—Sellers.	
Brown Cawnpore	...44 3-4
Do. Months—August-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.	
LINSEED—	
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship	... 72 1-2
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.	
Tone of Linseed—Quiet but steady.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata	... 65
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Buyers.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 13 1-4
RUBBER—
Para Rubber ...4 8-8—Aug.-Sept.—Firm.
FREIGHT—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ... .
METALS—

Copper Braziers	£67 1-4
Yellow Metal	dd 1-8
Standard Copper G M B	£56 1-4

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags	16 11 1-2—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment	...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Quiet but steady.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India	... .
Do. Months of Shipments	... .
Tone—Entirely neglected.	
German Beet-root 88 p. c	...11-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments	...Oct.
Tone—Opened firm closed quieter.	
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India	18 11 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments	...Jan.-Mar.
Tone—Quiet still nothing doing.	
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay	...14-6—Value.
Months of Shipments	...Sept.-Oct.
Tone—Firm.	

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos 16 x 18 C and F Calcutta	Aug.-Nov.—13 7 1-2—Value.
Do. do.	July-Oct.—1912—12-3—Value.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	... .
Do. do.	... .
	Aug.-Nov.—13-9—Value.
	July-Oct.—1912—12 4 1-2—Value.
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta	... .
Do. do.	... .
	Aug.-Nov.—14 1 1-2—Value.
	July-Oct.—1912—13-3—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	... .
	Aug.-Nov.—14-3—Value.
	July-Oct.—1912—13 4 1-2—Value.
General Tone—Firm and prices unchanged.	

Tone—Neglected. Nothing doing.
money. Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...14-6—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Sept.-Oct.
Tone—Firm.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16×18 C and F Calcutta	... .
	Aug.-Nov.—13 7 1-2—Value.
	July-Oct.—1912—12-3—Value.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	... .
Do. do.	... .
	Aug.-Nov.—13-9—Value.
	July-Oct.—1912—12 4 1-2—Value.
Fine White Java C&F Calcutta	... .
Do. do.	... .
	Aug.-Nov.—14 1 1-2—Value.
	July-Oct.—1912—13-3—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	... .
	Aug.-Nov.—14-3—Value.
	July-Oct.—1912—13 4 1-2—Value.
General Tone—Firm inactive.	

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, August 18.] [BOMBAY, August 19.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus
3 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	78 3-16	un	chgd
3 do. Rentes ...	94 1-2		1-4
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan..	9a	1-4	
do. Govt. Securities...	94 1-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 1-16	2-8	
do. 2 months' hence...	24 1 8	un	chgd
do. in New York ...	52 1-8	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris.	25·27	1	
do. at Berlin...	20-43		1/2
do. at New York...	4-86	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c.		since
do. Short London	9th Mar.		
Bills, 3 months' sight	2 9-16	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight	3 5-8	un	chgd
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 1-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	2 7-8	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	1 1-4	un	chgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans...	1 1-4	un	chgd

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 15-13 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Steady. Dull.
Futures	... Steady.
East Indian	... .
Manchester	... .
Total Sales	... Nil
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	... Nil
Imports	... .
Mid Americans	... 6·15 +6
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	9 11-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec. Jan.
6 35	6 15	6·10	6 05	6·04
+8	+8	+8	+8	+7
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.	April-May.	
6·05	6·06	6 07	6·08	
+8	+7	+7	+7	

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports	... 15,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year	.....
Exports to Great Britain	... 9,000
Exports to Continent	... .
Spot Cotton—	...12·50 unchgd
Futures—Month of Oct. 11-22—11	Declined on bear pressure and liquidation and to reported stock spot demand.
Futures—Month of Dec. 11-31—9	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	... 11 7-8
Futures—Month of Oct.	... 11·19—8
Do. do Dec.	... 11 23 -5
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Quiet.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales.
Total Sales	10,000
Do. Speculation	.....
Do. Exportation	2,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer	.....
Do. Actual Export	.....
Do. Import of the Week	.....
Do. Stock	.....
East Indian total sales	200
Do. Indian Stock	.....
Do. Exportation	.....
Do. Forwarded Consumers	.....
Do. Actual Exports	.....
Do. Week's Imports	6,000
Do. Stocks in Liverpool	.....
Afloat Americans	10,000
Do. Indian	4,000

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492lbs. C.I.F.	... 35 1-2
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept. London—Buyers.	
Wheat F.A.Q.	... 35
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept. London—Sellers.	
SOUTH AMERICAN.	
Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs	... 35 3-8
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Sellers.—Firmer.	
SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.	
South Australian	... 35 3-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.—Sellers.	

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship	... Nominal.
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship	... 49 3-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwarp—Sellers.	
Brown Cawnpore	...44 3-4
Do. Months—August-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.	
LINSEED—	
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship	... 72 1-2
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.	
Tone of Linseed—Quiet but steady.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata	... 65
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Buyers.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 13 1-4
RUBBER—

Para Rubber	...4 8-8—Aug.-Sept.—Firm.

FREIGHT—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ... .
METALS—

Copper Braziers	£67 1-4
Yellow Metal	dd 1-8
Standard Copper G M B	£56 1-4

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags	16 11 1-2—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment	...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Quiet but steady.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India	... .
Do. Months of Shipments	... .
Tone—Entirely neglected.	
German Beet-root 88 p. c	...14-Sellers.
Months of Shipments	...October.
Tone—Irregular but closed dull.	
E A R & Similar Crystal C & F India	...19 1 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments	...Jan.-March.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [18th August, 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
	Rs.		
165 Bars Silver	3,00,000	London	Chartered Bank
162 Bars Silver.	3,00,000	do	International Bank
83 Bars Silver.	1,50,000	do	Yokohama Bank
42 Bars Silver	75,000	do	Eastern Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 17th Aug., 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	16	18,515
B B and C I Railway ...	9	10,491

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—We quote :—

T. T. on London	... 1s. 4d.
Demand Draft	...1s 4 1-32d.
Credits 8 months' sight	...1s. 4 3-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 9-32d. Oct.
Do. do France	...170 1-2
Do. do Marks	...133 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...131 3-4
Shanghai ,,	...74 1-2
Japan ,,	...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

Ready...	Rs. 96 7 0
Forward	,, 96 5 0

BULLION :—We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs 24 0 6
Australian ,, ...	,, 23 0 6
Sovereigns ,, ...	,, 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	,, 61 0 0
,, 1st Settlement ...	,, 61 1 0
,, 2nd ,, ...	,, 61 2 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

The market here is firm in sympathy with the advance reported in the Liverpool and American markets owing to unfavourable weather reported to be prevailing during the critical period of drought and boll-weevil. Private advices reduce the crop conditions and before the next Bureau Report which is due on the 3rd proximo a general reduction in the crop conditions is expected and prices are likely to be hardened on reduced crop estimates.

Local business in contracts is at a standstill and there is absolutely nothing doing.

Ready cotton is moving moderately and about 2,000 bales change hands daily.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach ...	Rs.	303	March.
Fine M G Wardha Hingughat	,,	298	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpar ...	,,	296	,,
Fine M G Annangaon-Arola ..	,,	287	,,
Fine M G Khandesh ...	,,	278	,,
F. G. M. G. Khandesh ...	,,	268	,,
Fine M G Bengal ...	,,	293	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	,,	286	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	,,	281	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal ...	,,	266	,,

LIVERPOOL OPENED :—

Opening Tone ...	...	Steady.
Estimated Sales	...	1,000 bales
Total Imports ...	...	Nil.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6 31	6 13	6 03	6 03
+6	+6	+6	+6
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.
6·00	6·03	6 04	6 05
+6	+6	+5	+5
April-May.			
6·06			
+5			

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

	Bales.
Estimated Stock on 1st October 1910.	250,000
Receipts from 1st October, 1910 to 17th Aug. 1911...	2,470,127
	2,720,127
Shipments from 1st October, 1910 to 17th Aug. 1911...	1,535,434
	1,184,693
Afloat —	1,948
	1,182,160
Estimated mill consumption and up-country by rail	855,000
Stock of Cotton in Bombay in all hands	298,150

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is quiet but steady.
We quote :—

Ready ,, ...	Rs	12 7 6	B. T.
September	,,	13 5 0	B. T.

RAPESEED :—The market is quiet.
We Quote :—

Yellow Guserat ready ...	,,	8 6 0	R. D.
Brown Stawah ready ...	,,	7 11 6	,,

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is firm.
We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	57 4 0	
Yellow Hinguaghat ...	,,	64 14 0	
Black Kutni ...	,,	48 12 0	

CASTORSEED :—Tone steady, We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	7 10 0	R. T.

COTTONSEED :—Tone steady, We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	24 12 0	

POPPYSEED :—Tone quiet, We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	10 4 0	B. T.

MOWRASEED :—Tone strong We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	7 5 0	B. T.

WHEAT :—The market is quiet.
We Quote :—

White Pasi ready ...	Rs.	5 4 0	R. T.
,, ,, Sept ...	Rs.	5 6 0	,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1 740
Bank of Burma	136
Bank of India	67 1-2
Bombay Merchants' Bank ...	9 1-2
Eastern Bank	75
Indian Specie	51 1 2

MILLS.

David	366 1-4
Kohinoor	617 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,585
New Great Eastern	160
Standard	895

PRESSES.

Indian Cotton	135
New Motassil	835
New Berar	535

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	137 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	174 1-2 X, 9,
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ...	232 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,155
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17
Treasury and Co.	510

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	497 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	656 bales
Wheat	13,694 cwts.
Linseed	1 275 ,,
Rapeseed	2,394 ,,
Gingellyseed	247 ,,
Poppyseed	910 ,,
Groundnuts...	393 ,,
Castorseed	9,973 ,,
dice	9,488 ,,
Myrabollams	349 ,,
Cottonseed	7,849 ,,
Mowra-seed	4,903 ,,
Gram	5,950 ,,
Joowar	9,994 ,,
Maize	Nil

A fatal explosion occurred on August 4 at naphtha works near Baku on the Caspian Sea. A naptha spout was accidentally fired, and the resulting explosion killed five workmen.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and Sss. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

YEATMAN—August 20, at 6 Cuffe Parade, Colaba, Bombay, George Ewart Yeatman, Manager, U. S Steel Products Company, of typhoid fever, aged 34 years. Interred Sewree Cemetery—English, American and South African Papers kindly copy.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

PEPYS—August 15, at Dalhousie, the wife of Captain G L Pepys, 57 Rifles F F, of a son.

DEATHS.

HAUGHTON—July 15, at 81, Holland Road, Elizabeth Susan Celeste Durant Haughton, relict of F E Lewis, Commander, late Indian Navy, and of W E Wood, Surgeon-Major, late of her late Majesty's Indian Army, and widow of William Haughton, Barrister, and only daughter of the late Major-General James Durant, of the Bengal Army.

OHAYMEN—July 6, at Simla, Mrs. M. Craymer, aged 70 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Corporation 3-40 p. m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre. Our Star film "Aida, an Egyptian tragedy." Three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Skating Rink, 8 a. m. and on Tuesdays and Thursdays 6 p. m.; Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 9-30 p. m.

Maxim : "In doing business you must bear in mind that credit means confidence."—SIR E. SPEYER.

THE SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.—A Concert will be given at the Seamen's Institute by the officers of the steamship "Caledonia" to-day, Monday, at 9 p.m. All are welcome. Admission free.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, L. Marques and other places in South Africa per extra s. s. "Umzinto," via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. to-day, Monday, instead of on the 19th instant as previously notified.

FATAL FIGHT.—Miya Khan Usman, a Pathan, aged 25 on Saturday succumbed to the injuries he received in a scuffle which took place on the 25th ultimo at Memonwada. He was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he subsequently died and the Coroner held an inquest. The medical evidence showed that he had received several wounds with a clasp knife. Further inquiry stands adjourned.

FIRE IN A THEATRE.—At the Victoria Theatre, Grant Road, on Saturday night, consternation was caused amongst the audience by an alarm that fire had occured in the rear of the stage. A panic was averted by Mr. Valia Naik, whose Shakespearean Company was giving a performance that night, as he assured the audience that it was far off from the exits and that people could leave the place calmly without unnecessary haste and danger thereby to life. Steps were taken in the meantime to extinguish the fire which was caused by the upsetting of a kerosine oil can in the engine room. In half an hour peace was restored and the performance was continued. Miss Gauhar, the chief actress, showed admirable pluck in going to the footlights and urging the audience not to lose their presence of mind or cause a panic.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—Under the auspices of the Bombay Sanitary Association Dr. S. N. Ranina, G.B., V.C., veterinary surgeon, delivered a lecture in Gujrathi on "Milk and milkborne diseases" at the Bombay Theatre, Grand Road, to the owners of milch cattle stables and to a large audience of gowlis and milk-sellers on Wednesday 16th instant at 5-30 p. m. (S. T.). He explained to them how they should maintain their stables and how to feed their animals. He told them that tuberculosis, typhoid and other diseases was caused owing to carelessness in handling milk and in the interest of the health of their customers they ought to take every care to prevent milk being contaminated. Printed hand-bills containing hints for the preservation of good milk, etc., were distributed amongst the audience.

COCAINE PROSECUTION.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Nazaralli Abdul Rehman and eight others were charged with having in their possession a quantity of cocaine without a license from the Collector of Bombay. They were fined from one rupee to Rs. 15.

THE SKATING RINK.

Parsi Ladies' Sessions.

A Special Sessions for Parsi families was held at the Skating Rink last evening, when a large number of Parsi ladies participated in the Skating Carnival. Some short distance races were held which were keenly contested. To-night is splendid programme of sports on skates will be presented and the successful competitors will be rewarded.

A very interesting series of events are announced for to-night at the Rink chiefly consisting of races for ladies and gentlemen. There is sure to be a crowded house judging from the manner in which the last sporting events, held at the Rink, were received by the public. Arrangements for extra seats have been made, but those desiring to secure the best accommodation should call early to avoid disappointment. Everything that the management could do, has been done to ensure the success of the Sports, which should prove intensely interesting.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LD.

The monthly statement of earnings for July 1911.

	Earnings for July, 1911.	Increase or Decrease over same month last year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	per cent.
Electric Traction.....	1,85,202	+ 13,691	+ 7·93
*Electric Supply.....	55,691	+ 12,189	+ 28·01
Total.....	2,40,893	+ 25,880	+ 12·03

	Total Earnings from January 1911.	Increase or Decrease over the same period last year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	per cent
Electric Traction	13,02,155	+ 78,501	+ 6·42
*Electric Supply ...	3,69,170	+ 69,639	+ 23·24
Total.....	16,71,325	+1,48,140	+ 9·73

* Exclusive of power supplied to the Tramways.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

A CALLOUS MURDER.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayen G. Chandavarkar disposed of the appeals of Doddya Madivalappa and another, who were sentenced to death by Mr. F. K. Boyd, Sessions Judge of Kanara, for murdering one Shivlingana by strangling her on the night of the 8th May last.

Mr. Bhadgaokar appeared for the accused and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

Three accused were placed before the Sessions Judge. It appeared that three days after the murder, one Nanu Bashya noticed the corpse of the deceased in a tank, a mile from her village, and he went and informed the patel. The corpse was taken out and the deceased was identified by her relations as well srom her name, which was tattooed on her hand. An inquest report was drawn up and the police inspector questioned the first accused, with whom the deceased was living. The accused made a statement and certain ornaments buried under a jaak tree near the well were recovered. Four days later, he made a confession implicating the other two accused who appeared to have taken a leading part in strangling the deceased. The first and second accused owed her money and the latter was her discarded lover. They, therefore, decided to murder her, but they felt doubt if they would be able to commit the offence. The second accused, therefore, brought in the third accused and the three, having enticed away the woman on the pretext of paying her her dues, robbed her of her ornaments and strangled her.

Agreeing with the assessors, the Sessions Judge convicted the accused ; in passing sentence, he said that no more cowardly, callous and cold-blooded crime could be imagined by him, but considering the youth of the first accused, who was about eighteen, and the fact that he confessed, the Sessions Judge thought that he was justified in sentencing him to transportation for life. The other two were sentenced to death.

Their Lordships confirmed the convictions and sentences and dismissed the appeal.

POWERS OF HIGH COURT.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Hayward disposed of an appeal from a decision of a judge of His Britannic Majesty's Court at Zanzibar, who in a suit brought by Dewji Jamal, since deceased, against Merali Visram, decreed the plaintiff's claim in terms of an arbitration award.

The Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs. Mirza and Mirza, appeared for the defendant-appellant ; the Hon'ble Mr. G. K. Parekh represented Sheriff Dewji and others as heirs of the plaintiff.

It appeared that in 1903, the plaintiff, a resident of Bombay, through his son filed this suit against the defendant, resident within the jurisdiction of the Court of Zanzibar, for the recovery of certain pots and pans, to which he alleged himself to be entitled as mutavall of a Musjid. Three others were added as parties, as they were also alleged to be mutavallis. When the case came before of Judge Smith, he was asked by all concerned in the jamat to arbitrate upon all matters in difference between them. His award was dated 30th June, 1904, and nothing was done until 1909, when a pleader for the plaintiff applied to have a decree in terms of the award and after three hours' notice given to the defendants the decree was passed by the Judge below.

Against this, the present appeal was filed.

In delivering the court's judgment, after hearing the arguments, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman said that the appellant was met at the out et that no appeal was allowed against the decree passed upon a award, except in so far as that decree could be said to be in excess or contravention of the terms of the award, and it became very clear that this objection must prove fatal to the appeal as brought. Mr. Jinnah then asked leave of the Court to convert the appeal into an application under Section 115 of the Code of Civil Procedure. It had, his Lordship thought, been the practice of this Court always to allow in proper cases appeals to be so converted into applications, for the exercise of this Court's power of superintendence and revision. Their Lordships, therefore, acceded to Mr. Jinnah's request and dealt with the appeal as an application under section 115, as there were more than usually numerous as well as urgent reasons for allowing it.

On the merits their Lordships held that the judge below had exceeded his jurisdiction and that he had acted both illegally and with material irregularity. There was no written reference, the matters referred to the arbitration were not matters in this suit, the application for a decree in terms on the award was time-barred and the suit had abated in consequence of the plaintiff's death and no heirs having been brought on the record.

Their Lordships, therefore, allowed the application and set aside the decree of the lower Court and ordered the respondents to pay all costs of the appellants.

POLICE COURTS.

THEFT OF VALUABLES.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. C. H. Setalwad, Third Presidency Magistrate, Detective Inspector Taqui, charged Rahim Bux Nabi Bux, a janitor, at the shop of Tarachand Purashram, jewellers of Medows Street, with the theft of ornaments, valued at Rs. 1,100. On the 24th ult mo, a detective saw the accused dispose off some valuable ornaments. Being arrested and searched some ornaments were found on him and he also admitted having stollen the articles from his master's shop. He was convicted on his own admission and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

DR. HABIB ISMAIL.

Presentation of an Address.

An afternoon party was given to Dr. Habib Ismail, M.D., (London,) F. R. C. S. (England,) by the Khoja Ashna Ashari Community last evening at the Savoy Club, Gamdevi Estate, Bombay, and an address was also presented to him congratulating him on his recent successes in England as a medical student.

Mr. Hasambhoy Visram, who presided on the occasion, presented the address to Dr. H. Ismail, in a silver casket.

Among other things, the address contained the following paragraphs.

"We are delighted to find that your career as a medical student has been crowned with two of the most eminent degrees, M. D. (London), F. R. C. S. (England)—an achievement unique in the history of the Indian Mahomedans, and particularly gratifying to our community who feel proud to find that a scion of their own sect has proved himself worthy of such distinction. For the promotion of the welfare of our community your deceased sire, Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed, worked with whole hearted zeal and energy despite very heavy calls on his time and attention. The memory of his good deeds is still cherished with feelings of esteem and gratitude by the old and young alike, so that, whilst according to you our cordial greetings, we feel particularly gratified by the thought that we should thus also have an opportunity of signifying our sense of obligation to a benefactor of revered memory. A worthy son of such a worthy father you will, we are confident, distinguish yours lf in the same way in your professional and public career, and work for the advancement of our

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer "Salsette" 2,391 tons, Captain H. G. Lewell in, sailed on Saturday for Aden with the English mails a general cargo and passengers.

The Anchor Line steamer "Elysia," 3,994 tons, Captain W. Robertson, will sail to-day for Marseilles and Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co.'s steamer "Noseri" 911 tons, Captain A. B. Watson, sailed on Sunday for Busreh, via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co.'s steamer Homayun, 2,154 tons, Captain T. L. Maloney, sailed on Saturday for Jeddah with 839 pilgrims.

The German East Africa Line steamer Praesident, 2,066 tons, Captain P. Bremer, sailed on Saturday for Durban, etc., with a general cargo and passengers.

The Hansa Line steamer Hohenfels, 3,740, tons, Captain H. Muller, will sail to-day for Hamburg via Karachi, with a general and same bottom cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. Steamer Ismaila, 3,381, tons Captain J. K. Rose, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Penang via Colombo, and Karachi; with a general cargo and 10 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Malda, 1,250 tons, Captain W. C. Morrison arrived in harbour via Saturday from Busreh via Karachi, with a general cargo, 6 cases opium, 7 cabin and 54 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Linga- 975 tons, Captain W. B. Rothwell, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Cabato, 2,845 tons, Captain G B. Schiaffir, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Venice, with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Itria, 3,419 tons, Captain Honeywood, arrived in harbour yesterday from Java, with a cargo of sugar.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Dwarka, 751 tons, Captain W. Moxon, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Okara, 3,438 tons, Captain F. L. Moth, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, with a cargo of rice and timber.

The steamer Westburn, 2,018 tons, Captain L Hutchinson, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Portsaid in ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Oolobaria, 3,436 tons, Captain J. Kennedy, arrived in harbour yesterday from Sourabaya, with a cargo of sugar and one deck passenger.

The P. and O. Co's China mail steamer Delhi, 4,783 tons, Captain H. S. Bradshaw arrived in harbour yesterday from Shanghai via Colombo, with China and Australian mails, a general cargo, and passengers.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Friday 18th Aug. should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Days for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

R I M S Dufferin...Huddleston ....R I M
R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr ... ...Luck .....R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook ..B il Jones ....R I Marine
R I M S Mayo...Lt Comdr.....Finnis .....R I Marine
R I M S Palinurus .....Lt W Taylor .....Survey Vessel

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Aug. 19.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
D&E Buffalo...	2593	Chilton ...	Hull ..	27-8	J Finlay & Co
P Ismaila	3381	Rose Colomby...	22-8	...M M & Co	
K Bingo Maru ...	3375	S.zuka	Kobe	27-8.....	
					N U Kaisha
M Shah Jehan.....	2566	McBear.....	Jeddah ...	21-8	
					B & H S N Co
N Lawoe	1817	Francis ...	Repairing ..		H T Ayoob
P Hohenfels ..	3407	Muller...	22-8...		W. A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Santhia	3353	Seddon	Rangoon...	...22-8	
					M M & Co
2 Elysia.....	3994	Robertson	L'pool...	21-8...	
					W & A Graham & Co
7 Kombar ...	3157	Foresti ...	Trieste...	1-9	A L S N Co
8 Austria ...	4899	Raicich...	Kobe ...	24-8	A L S N Co
9 City of Calcutta...	4886	Rae	G'gow	27-8...	
12 & 13 Caledonia...	3429	Snow ...	.....		P & O Co
16 Somali.....	1615	.....	Kasch	Zanzibar...	21-8
					A Strandes Co

P & O Dock

Gymeric.....	2553	Williams	E Tajbhoy

B I Dock

Kola...	510	Morrison	M M & Co

H W P D

Baduri	829	Ahmed.....	S N Co

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessels	Commanders	From
19	Ismaila	Foss...	Penang, June 28
	Malda	Morrison.....	Busreh, Aug 3
	Linga	Rothwell.....	Karachi, Aug 17
	Cabato.....	Schiaffir.....	Venice, July 21
	Westburn	Hutchison ...	Port Said, Aug 8
20	Dwarka	Moxon	Busreh, Aug 15
	Okara	Moth	Rangoon, Aug 7
	Itria.....	Honey wood ..	Java, Aug 3
	Delhi	Bradshaw ...	Shanghai, Aug 1
	Oolobaria	Kennedy.....	S'baya, July 16

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
19	Salsette	Lowellin	Aden
	President	Bremer	Durban, &c
20	Naseri	Watson	Busreh, &c
	Homayun	Maloney ..	Jeddah

The following vessels obtained their port clearances on Saturday :—

Steamer Hohenfels, Muller, for Hamburg, &c.
„ Elysia, Robertson, for Liverpool, &c.

The steamer Cobato, entered for loading on Saturday Calcutta, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The German East Africa Line steamer Markgraf, left Zanzibar, for Bombay on the 18th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—AUGUST 19.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Elysia s—1,300 cwts myrabollams, A Khimjee.

FOR LONDON.

Salsette s—4 cwts ivory R Mahomed and Co.
Caledonia s—132 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co; 150 bales hemp, S N Doongaji and Co; 80 bales hemp, F Khoobchand; 24 bales hemp, M Lalchand and Co; 112 bales cotton J A. Begbie and Co; 112 cwts chutney, Nowroji; 65 cwts buffalo horns, and 80 cwts deer horns, E Mahomed.

FOR HULL.

Buffalo s—18,000 cwts castorseed, 4,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros; 884 cwts castorseed, H Maganlal; 7,012 cwts cottonseed, A Khimjee; 2,000 cwts cottonseed, N Rungji.

FOR HAMBURG.

Hohenfels s—1,200 cwts mowrasseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Elysia 844 cwts wheat Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—286 bales cotton, Ralli Bros. 1,000 cwts myrabollams, E Oomersey; 1,700 cwts poppyseed, and 200 cwts fennelseed.
Volkart Bros 110 bales cotton, M Bhimjee and Co; 2,502 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 2,550 cwts gingilyseed, J Fachiri; 2,000 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Koerber s—886 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 100 bales cotton, K Visram and Co; 100 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co 111 bales hemp E Oomersey.

FOR ODESSA.

Koerber s—2,000 cwts castorseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bingo Maru s—400 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 100 bales twist, M M Essabhoy; 25 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.
Austria s—100 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 1,100 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 350 bales twist, The M B Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Austria s—400 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.
Bingo Maru s—300 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 500 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 75 bales twist, The M B Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

Bingo Maru s—300 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR SALE AT AHMEDNAGAR.

STEAM PUMPING PLANT.

1. 12 H. P. BRITANNIA (Loco Type) BOILER, by Marshalls & Sons, Gainsborough. Working pressure 100 lbs. per sq. inch, tested and licensed by Government Inspector up to 7th November 1911, complete with 20 ft. of iron chimney and all necessary fittings and mountings.
PRICE ... ... Rs. 1,200.
2. Piston Pattern Worthington double acting PUMP 10" by 6" by 10" with foundation bolts and all fittings.
PRICE ... ... Rs. 800.
3. DONKEY PUMP for feeding Boiler, with suction, delivery, steam and exhaust piping valves etc.
PRICE ... ... Rs. 120.
4. Hot Water FEED TANK for above...Rs. 50.

The above prices include delivery on railway at Ahmednagar Station.

All the above are in excellent order and have been in use till quite recently.

Apply to :—

THE ASSISTANT COMMANDING ROYAL ENGINEER, AHMEDNAGAR.

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OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS

TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST

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AND

H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

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MARSHALLS BUILDING,

BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg. ...	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camelia 125 ° (in tins) .	3 10 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins) ..	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Sandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Dooria and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

O.T."

A STIMULANT *without* ALCOHOL.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS AND STORES.

IMPORTANT TO PRINTERS & PROPRIETORS OF PRINTING PRESSES.

THE following PRINTING PRESSES, MACHINERY and PLANT are to be SOLD immediately at a very LOW PRICE to make room for new Machinery in the "Bombay Gazette" Press :—

2 Type casting Machines.
1 Ruling Machine.
2 Treadle Machines.
2 Cutting Machines.
2 Very large Printing Machines.
2 Small Printing Machines.
1 Backing Machine (for Bookbinding).
1 Large Press for Printing Copper Plates.
1 Lithograph Press.

The above can be seen in working order at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

For Particulars and price, see the GENERAL MANAGER.

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A GUIDE to Health, Wealth and Prosperity

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GRATIS and POST-FREE.

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MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,

Jamnagar, (Kathiawar.)

NEW SONGS JUST PUBLISHED.

Rs. 1-4 each.

ANGELS OF LIGHT. Charles Marshall.
"Angels of Light" is a delightful song by the Rev. F. W. Faber set to music by Charles Marshall. Contraltos will welcome a song which is an important addition to Madame Clara Butt's repertory.

FRIEND. Clara Novello Davies.
"Is a charming song by Algernon Sassin set to music by Clara N. Davies."

LAND OF LOVE. Herbert Oliver.
"To P. J. O'Reilly's flowing verses, "The Land of Love," Herbert Oliver has wedded some appropriately bright and taking music."

MACUSLA. D. Macmurrough.
"Words by Josephine Rowe. Is a touching song which should soon become popular."

RED MARINE, THE H. Trotere.
"A brisk and tuneful ditty and is written in a popular style, intended for bass voices. I extols the deeds of the 'Jollies' in vigorous fashion."

SEA ROAD, THE Hadyn Wood.
"The music of this song runs along fluently and is a breezy and animated nautical songs."

THANKSGIVING. Frederick H. Cowen.
"Words by Bishop Cotton and music by Frederick H. Cowen, is a new song, the opening lines telling of subject matter.
"We thank Thee Lord, for this fair earth The Glittering sky the silver sea:
For all their beauty, all their worth,
Their light and glory come from Thee."
"Madame Clara Butt has kindly taken under her wing the 'Thanksgiving' Song and from all accounts the people are eagerly asking for more of the same sorts of fare."

TOM, JAN AND HARRY. R. Batten.
"Is a bright and entertaining ditty, wherein a girl courted by three lovers proclaims her inability to come to a decision as to which swain she prefers. The one who does not waste much time upon words appears to have the best chance of success."

PIANO AND MUSIC DEPARTMENT,

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 21st August, 1911.

POLITICAL PROBLEMS: HOME RULE.

THE passage into law of the Veto Bill marks a new era in British politics. For the first time for centuries a written change has been introduced into the Constitution of England. Even the Union of the Parliaments of Scotland and Ireland with the Parliament of England did not change although it enlarged the Constitution of the largest of the Kingdoms; and the relation of King, Lords and Commons remained in theory unaffected by these international arrangements. In spirit, perhaps, the Reform Bill of 1832 has worked a greater change than any measure since the days of the Commonwealth, but in form that was an alteration in the character of the House of Commons, which did not increase its powers nor diminish the privileges of the other branches of the legislature. To find a parallel for the Veto Bill we have to go back to the alteration of the succession to the Crown and the Bill of Rights of 1689. Materially, of course, the Constitution has changed. The Sovereign has still the right to reject a measure passed by both Houses, but no Sovereign has exercised this authority since the days of Queen Anne, and both Sovereign and people now acquiesce in the virtual surrender of legislative functions to Parliament alone. The growing power of the House of Commons had come long before the recent crisis to be recognised by the Lords themselves, and although the two Houses have been constitutionally equal the predominance of the Commons has been acknowledged by the Sovereign and the Peers, since at least Queen Victoria's accession. But now with the consent of the House of Lords itself a definite change has been introduced into the Constitution, and the Commons are supreme.

So great a change will necessarily lead to others. Some of these can be predicted; for although, happily logic does not direct political thought in England, inconsistencies will gradually reveal themselves and be removed without serious opposition from either side. But there are other and serious changes in the Constitution of the United Kingdom, which have been asked for and opposed by the contending parties, but which the existence of the Lords' veto has up till now kept out of practical politics. It is apparent that the discussion of some of these questions is to be conducted with renewed vigour and energy on both sides, and that unless the present Government falls to pieces over its Insurance legislation, we are in for exciting times in home affairs for the next three years. The spirits of the reformers are at the present time higher than ever before, and measures involving change and possibly disturbance will now be pressed forward with increased zeal. One of these is Home Rule. The exultation, which has naturally spread among the victors in the Parliamentary struggle, has manifested itself already in the organisation of an agitation for this familiar project, and the country is threatened with a sustained and violent discussion during the autumn months. In spite of their protestations that they received a mandate to carry out this tremendous task at the last general election, Ministers themselves are to take a leading part in the coming battle, from which it is evident either that they are not yet certain of the country's wish or that they themselves do not yet know what they want. Both things are probable. A majority of the people of England is against Home Rule; and it is fairly certain that if the issue were presented directly the majority would be largely increased. It is not easy to see how the most ardent Home Ruler is to get over this outstanding difficulty; and the members of the present Government cannot but be conscious of this obstacle to their plans. It is probable that even in Scotland the number of Liberal members of Parliment could be reduced on the simple issue of Irish Home Rule. Scotland has always been Liberal; but Scottish liberalism revolted against Gladstone's Home Rule Bill, and would have denounced it root and branch if anybody but the Scottish people's favourite politician had brought it forward. And now when the appeals of the Ulster Presbyterians are to be renewed, it is certain that many Scottish Liberals will again testify, if they got the opportunity, to their dislike of any separatist scheme. Ministers are shrewd enough to see that, and they know that a Parliament can be established in Ireland only against the will of the majority of the people of England, Scotland and Wales. Before a large or from their point of view a generous measure of Home Rule can be conceded to the Irish people, the people of Great Britain have first to be converted to their views. They have still to achieve that; and there is no sign that they will be able to do so. The autumn campaign may disclose unexpected enthusiasm for Home Rule in the English constituencies; but it is just as likely to reveal indifference. It is the uneasy consciousness of this possibility that now impels Cabinet Ministers to descend into the arena, and to agitate for a cause of which they profess the country already approves.

However willing the people of Great Britain may be to give their Irish neighbours full control of local affairs, and to proceed by way of devolution to give to Ireland the same independence as might be asked for by Scotland or by Wales,—and this is all that many professed Home Rulers mean,—there has been no indication that they are willing to grant the Home Rule which Mr. Redmond demands. The indications in the meantime point the other way. With English credit pledged up to the extent of many million pounds in the settlement of the Irish agrarian question and in the transfer of land from landlords to tenants, no Government could give independence to Ireland without the full consent of the people who have provided the money for the settlement,—apart from other considerations. It is doubtful if the Irish Nationalist leaders realize the economic dependence of Ireland upon England; and even if they were willing to ignore existing indebtedness, it is more than doubtful whether the Irish people would follow them, if it was understood that England was helping to make Ireland comfortable and rich. That is an aspect of the Home Rule question which the young Scots party who now in turn are raising the question of Scottish Home Rule, do not seem to have considered. Where is the money to come from for all their pretty schemes. Even the most advanced Irish Nationalists look to the Imperial Exchequer that is to say to England, for money to help them in their reforms. For, if Ireland and Scotland get back from the Imperial Treasury only what they are able to put into it, they will be worse off pecuniarily than they are now.

LORD JAMES OF HEREFORD.

ANOTHER of the prominent Liberal politicians, who broke with Gladstone on the Home Rule question, has just disappeared by the death of Lord James of Hereford at the advanced age of eighty-three, and now Mr. Chamberlain alone is left of that group of singularly talented Liberal leaders, who seceded from their party in 1886 and went over to the opposite side. He was the oldest of these seceders though not the ablest, for the late Viscount Goschen and Mr. Chamberlain excelled him in ability. He sacrificed much when he left Mr. Gladstone and the Liberal party; for when the former was forming his first Home Rule Cabinet at the beginning of that fatal year 1886, he offered to Sir Henry James, as he then was, either the Home Office or the Great Seal. He had never been in the Cabinet though he was in Mr. Gladstone's former Ministry as Attorney-General, and thus the offer of Cabinet rank with, especially, the Great Seal must have been very tempting. But he resisted the temptation and cast in his lot with the Conservatives and helped to wreck the Home Rule Bill. When the measure was brought again in 1893, he vigorously fought against it and carried, in the Commons, several damaging amendments. But though he was strenuously opposed to the Irish policy of his former chief, he still continued to hold him to the end of his days in high esteem, and Mr. Gladstone too, as Viscount Morley, his biographer testifies, had a "peculiarly warm regard for him even when the evil days of political severance came." Another of his close friendships, which survived political differences and Parliamentary contentions, was with the late Sir William Harcourt, who was only a year older. With Harcourt he was associated from the very begining of his career as a politician when they, in the early seventies in the days of Gladstone's first administration, though on the Government side, formed a sort of "Fourth Party" criticising and annoying their leaders. This dissatisfied group was headed by Fawcett, and included such talented and rising young men as Sir George Trevelyan, Playfair, and Lord Fitzmaurice, the brother of the present Marquess of Lansdowne, beside James and Harcourt. An opportunity was found, a few months before the great Liberal administration closed, of winning over the opposition of some of these talented men, or as Lord Aberdare, Gladstone's Home Secretary, very appropriately said at the time, 'of extracting the brains from below the gangway', by offering James and Harcourt subordinate posts in the Ministry. In September 1873 the Attorney-General, the late Lord Coleridge, became Lord Chief Justice, and the vacant office was given to James, who was knighted, while about the same time the office of Solicitor-General, vacated by that brilliant Jewish lawyer, Sir George Jessel, on his becoming Master of the Rolls and the first Jew who ever occupied a seat on the judicial bench of England, was filled by Sir William Harcourt. Fawcett was thus deprived of the assistance in criticising the Government of his ablest lieutenants.

But the Government did not last long and Sir Henry James' Attorney-Generalship came to an end at the beginning of 1874, when the Conservatives under Disraeli came into power. During the brief period of James' holding this office Gladstone consulted him as one of the chief law officers of the Crown on the subject of what was then known and much discussed as the Greenwich election question. It was a question of considerable constitutional importance, Mr. Herbert Paul calls it a grave constitutional question, but it was never finally decided. Mr. Gladstone, who had been re-elected member for Greenwich, on accepting the office of First Lord of the Treasury, took in 1873 the additional office of Chancellor of the Exchequer vacated by Mr. Lowe. The question was whether he should seek re-election or not; Coleridge and Jessel thought he should not, but the late Lord Selborne, Lord Chancellor, was of the contrary opinion. Gladstone's seat at Greenwich was known to be very unsafe and he was rather desirous of escaping from the necessity of another electoral contest there. James was not decisive in his advice in the matter, as he said that strong arguments could be brought for and against either view. The difficulty was escaped by Mr. Gladstone's sudden resolution to dissolve Parliament. At the time and for long afterwards, it was generally believed that this resolution was owing to the difficulty about the Greenwich election; but Viscount Morley denies this in his "Life" of the statesman. After six years of opposition, Gladstone came again into power in 1880 and James was again in his former post in his ministry and this time Fawcett was also included. In that famous Liberal administration of 1880 to 1885, James did very arduous service and helped his chief and other colleagues to fight the fierce battles of that Parliament. James got the unusual distinction of a seat in the Privy Council for his labours before Gladstone retired. Then the ill-starred Home Rule question intervened and Sir Henry James' political career may be said to be ruined. He was offered by the late Lord Salisbury not a place in his Cabinet which was rather his due, but the first legal vacancy in the House of Lords, which he of course did not accept. Nearly ten years later a Peerage was conferred when the Unionists came back into power in 1895, with the nominal office of Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, which however was included in the Cabinet. He resigned this office when Lord Salisbury retired from the Premiership in 1902. He never married, so his Barony becomes extinct.

UGANDA COTTON.

A NOTEWORTHY report, which must be regarded as reassuring by the British Cotton-growing Association, was submitted during mail week, and we refer to it because it has the important effect of restoring confidence in Uganda as a field of future cotton production. The Cotton-growing Association is making large efforts to stimulate the growth of best quality cottons in the Protectorate, and the success or non-success of their efforts will naturally have a general effect on cotton values. It was therefore disquieting, when some months ago the Association found that the cotton, which was being received from Uganda, was unsatisfactory, being deeply stained. Samples were accordingly submitted to Professor Dunstan, Director of the Imperial Institute. Professor Dunstan examined the defective samples, and came to the conclusion that they probably represented the last pickings from the bushes, and were collected from bolls that had not properly developed. This conclusion, he stated, was supported by the presence of a large number of abortive seeds, a large proportion of immature fibres, and the occurrence of numerous stains. These he attributed to the attacks of insects and weather conditions. He also thought that the defects in question might possibly be due to careless collection, and that in any case they did not necessarily indicate any deterioration in Uganda cotton. His report was then sent to the Chief Agricultural Officer of the Protectorate, whose observations clearly show that the two main causes of the stained cotton have been exposure to heavy storms in the picking season and attacks by cotton stainers, which suck the juices from immature bolls, thus checking their growth and arresting the ripening process. In this condition the bolls remain upon the plants and become stained and rotted by the weather. Mr. Lamb fortunately adds that both these causes can easily be controlled, and that, in fact, the Agricultural Department has already taken steps to obviate their effects. His report is also satisfactory in another direction. It shows that Uganda cotton instead of deteriorating is distinctly improving in regard to the length of its staple.

IT is understood that the question of a reduction in the number of troops for the Delhi Durbar, is now under final consideration at Simla.

THE fire which broke out in the Jelalabad bazar about ten days ago, destroying about sixty shops, did damage to the extent of a lakh of rupees.

THE HON'BLE MOULVI SYED SHAMSUL HUDA, of Calcutta, has been elected President of the next annual sessions of the All India Moslem League to be held at Delhi.

The marriage took place very quietly (owing to the recent death of the bridegroom's mother) at St. Margaret's, Westminster, on July 29, of Mr. Archibald William Woodburn, only son of the late General Alexander Woodburn, C.B., commanding the Northern Division of the Bombay Army, and Miss Ethel May Trevenen Holland, youngest daughter of the late Col. Trevenen James Holland, C.B., of the Bombay Staff Corps, and of Tenbridge Wells.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

FRANCE, GERMANY AND MOROCCO.

Albanian Revolt.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, AUGUST 5.

DR. VON BETHMANN-HOLLWEG, the German Imperial Chancellor, and Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, were on Saturday, the guests of the Kaiser at Swinemunde, where they remained until yesterday afternoon, when they left, the Chancellor for Hohenfinow and the Foreign Secretary for Berlin. During their stay the Morocco negotiations were the subject of deliberation, and both in Berlin and Paris there is a disposition to believe that the international tension has still further relaxed. It should be noted, however, that the Berlin correspondent of the "Frankfurter Zeitung" (states a Reuter's message) professes to be assured from a competent source that the Emperor has declared himself thoroughly in agreement with the action of his leading statesmen (by which the Chancellor and Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter are meant), which fact will shortly be semi-officially recognised. It is authoritatively stated in Paris (says a Reuter's telegram) that the observations of certain Paris newspapers on the state of the Franco-German conversations are premature or inexact. They will only enter on a more decisive and active phase in the course of the week, after the German Emperor's interviews with Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg and Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter.

The centre of interest in Berlin, as regards the Moorish controversy is the meeting that took place at Swinemunde between the Emperor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, and Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, the Imperial Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. Nothing definite is known as yet of the results of the audiences, but the special correspondent of the "Berliner Tageblatt," describing the meeting, says that in the morning before the arrival of the Chancellor and the Foreign Minister, the Kaiser seemed very grave and prepossessed, while after half an hour's conversation with the Ministers on their arrival on board the royal yacht in the afternoon, his Majesty appeared cheerful, chatting lightheartedly with the Chancellor as the party drove off to the neighbouring town of Heringsdorf. Another fact which may be of some significance as indicating that the international tension has relaxed is that the two responsible Ministers were not summoned to meet the Emperor immediately on his arrival in German waters, but only went to Swinemunde the day after his Majesty arrived. Apart from these somewhat shadowy symptoms, there is nothing new to chronicle. It is true that the weatherwise profess to see signs that Germany is preparing to adopt somewhat less aggressive tactics in her conduct of the Moorish negotiations. For instance, the suggestions emanating from a French newspaper of a rearrangements of the African frontiers by which Germany would cede her Togo territory to France as some return for a large slice of the French Congo, is received without much opposition in some quarters here; but this is by no means to be taken to indicate that the scheme will command itself to the German Government. The Conservative "Die Post," indeed, characterises the suggestion as an absolute impossibility. Neither should it be forgotten by those nations which have important interests bound up with Morocco's future that the ultra-Conservative party in Germany still looks with covetous eyes on Morocco herself, and that undoubtedly it was this feeling that originally prompted this despatch of the "Panther" to Agadir.

THE KAISER AND HIS MINISTERS.

The "Berliner Tageblatt" states that Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, the Foreign Secretary, and M. Jules Cambon, the French Ambassador in Berlin, had a conference in the Foreign Office this afternoon. It is stated in official circles that Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter is fully satisfied with the outcome of his conference with the Emperor. The Minister returns in the enjoyment of the full confidence of the Emperor to resume the negotiations, which will be conducted as heretofore. The result therefore completely falsifies the predictions that there would be a change in Germany's attitude as a consequence of the conciliatory sentiments of the Monarch. The Foreign Minister is declared also to be animated by a conciliatory spirit, but a warning is given that there are many difficulties to be overcome, and that an early settlement is not to be expected. Furthermore it is stated that there is no likelihood of the Government taking the public into its confidence at present. The Berlin correspondent of the "Kolnische Zeitung" says:—"The report given by Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, and Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, the Foreign Secretary, to the German Emperor at Swinemunde shows that complete agreement prevails between the views of his Majesty and the Imperial Chancellor. No new decisions were arrived at. The negotiations between Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter and M. Cambon, the French Ambassador in Berlin, are being continued. The reports of a termination to be expected directly or in the immediate future constitute an anticipation of the actual events."

FRENCH IMPATIENCE.

Although the tendency for the last few days has been "optimistic," it is difficult to discover upon what it is based, and to-day several newspapers are asking the same question. The only favourable augury appears to be the "smile" of the Kaiser after his interview with his Ministers at Swinemunde, but that cannot be seriously taken as warranting optimism. French opinion is at length growing tired of the veil of secrecy that has been drawn over the negotiations officially, whilst day by day fresh rumours are circulated as to the designs of Germany. These rumours are never specially denied, and all that is done is to issue a "communique" from time to time warning the public against the implicit credence in unauthorised versions of what is going on, without contradicting them. There appears to be a growing feeling that after the next interview between M. Jules Cambon and Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, France has a right to be informed publicly exactly what Germany is claiming and offering in exchange. At present this is not by any means clear. The latest story which obtains the most credence is that France is to cede her colony of the Gabun, with her port of Libreville and possibly her right of pre-emption over the Belgian Congo, in return for the German colony of Togo and a free hand in Morocco. Certain well-informed German newspapers, however, scout the idea of giving up the Togo colony, and with respect to the Belgian Congo, it must be remembered that, though England yielded the pre-emption rights individually to France, she is scarcely likely to admit that this included the facility of ceding them to Germany without consulting her. It is useless to argue any further on presumptions, but it does seem practically certain that France entertains the suggestions of territorial compensation in the French Congo. Germany, therefore, obtains a French Colony for nothing, as the only equivalent, so far, appears to be the same liberty of action for France in Morocco as was already promised her in 1909. Should this deal be effected, and should Germany be able to acquire the whole or even the central portion of the Belgian Congo, she would have an African empire stretching across the continent and cutting the Cape to Cairo Railway.

SETTLEMENT WITHIN SIGHT.

Any danger of war which existed in connection with the Morocco crisis has now vanished, according to information received from a trustworthy diplomatic source. The points in dispute between France and Germany have been settled in principle, although many details remain to be arranged. The basis of the amicable settlement will be an agreement on the part of Germany to refrain from political interference in Morocco, and in return France will cede to her territory situated in the French Congo, the extent of which has yet to be defined. The vague nature of this general understanding leaves a wide field for negotiations which may extend over weeks or even months, but the fact, that the Governments of France and Germany have shown their readiness to agree in principle on a tangible basis, indicates the termination of the real crisis. The minor differences of opinion that may arise in the settlement of details are not likely to lead to fresh complications of importance, so long as the present conciliatory spirit continues to be shown both in Berlin and in Paris. Regarded from the British point of view, the principal feature of the coming settlement is the abandonment by Germany of the intention recently attributed to her of permanently occupying one or more ports on the coast of Morocco. It is well known in diplomatic circles that the German Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, discussed with leading politicians and journalists in Berlin, the question of hoisting for all time the German flag at Agadir and another port on the west coast of Morocco, but this plan was only contemplated so long as an impression existed that Great Britain would regard any such measure with comparative idifference. There was never any idea of sacrificing friendly relations with Great Britain to the somewhat speculative advantages of a port on the Moorish coast, and the emphatic notification of British views on the proposed permanent occupation of Agadir sufficed to dispose of that scheme. The German Emperor, the Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, and the Foreign Secretary, Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, were all in complete agreement in their desire to maintain satisfactory Anglo-German relations, and the recent reports of differences of opinion on this question between the Kaiser and his Foreign Minister may be dismissed as inaccurate. The relative advantages gained by France and Germany respectively cannot be judged until the territory to be ceded to the latter has been defined.

EXCHANGING TERRITORY.

Sir Francis Bertie, the British Ambassador, had a long conversation with M. de Selves, Minister for Foreign Affairs. The feeling of optimism concerning the international situation which has been noted in the newspapers during the last forty-eight hours has undergone further improvement to-day. The "Figaro" says that at the present moment the Franco-German "pourparlers" are being pursued in a limited and reasonable spirit, giving good hope of ultimate success. There is no question, the journal adds, of giving Germany an important part of the Congo, notably Libreville. If Germany declared categorically that she took no further interest in Morocco, and offered no opposition to French policy there, France would be prepared in exchange to concede some territory in the Gabun and the Congo, though to what extent remains still to be decided. Libreville, however, would not be included in the cession. In return Germany would cede to France, Togoland and the northern extremity of the Kameruns. The "Echo de Paris" declares that the conversation between M. Jules Cambon, French Ambassador in Berlin, and Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter before the departure of the latter for Swinemunde was satisfactory, and gave hope that an agreement in principle might be concluded this week. "Pourparlers" bearing on the precise details of a future agreement are said to have been begun since last Friday. The "Temps" states:—"To complete the information we have given from day to day as to the progress of the Franco-German negotiations we believe this is how matters stand: Germany, in declaring her political disinterestedness in Morocco, will safeguard her economic interests in that country, and will obtain in compensation a rectification of her Kamerun frontier more favourable than the present boundary. "Simultaneously with this arrangement it will be agreed the Germany cedes to France her colony of Togo, adjoining Dahomey, in exchange for a portion of the Gabun. This exchange would allow France to retain a portion of the coast on the Atlantic and a strip of territory running round the region ceded to Germany, France, therefore, would still have access to that part of the Congo next to the Free State."

PRETENSIONS OF GERMANY.

The West African problem, as affecting directly the relations between France and Germany and indirectly the interests of England, is one about which opinions are not openly expressed at the present moment. There is no doubt that amongst diplomatists, Foreign Office experts, and naval men in this country the suggestion that France should cede part of their Congo territory on the West Coast of Africa, so as to give Germany a more effective port than she possesses in the Kamerun, is a disquieting one, but whilst negotiations are proceeding it is thought unwise to offer open criticism. There is however substantial ground for saying that some of the highest parliamentary authorities regard it as an unheard of claim that France should be asked to surrender her outlet to the coast in her

RAILWAY STRIKE SETTLED.

EXTRAORDINARY SCENES IN LONDON.

Troops Fire Three Volleys on a Welsh Mob.

ATTEMPTS MADE TO DERAIL TRAINS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 18.

The evening reports show that the railway strike is effective in the north of England and South Wales, partially effective in the Midlands and practically unsuccessful in the south of England.

The strike has caused a panic among holiday-makers, who are rushing home in large numbers, thus causing increased congestion in the traffic. Thousands have been stranded, especially in North Wales.

Twelve thousand colliers and steel-workers have been rendered idle in Cumberland.

The London telephone night-staff has gonel on strike.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

Many cotton mills will be unable to resume work on Monday, owing to a lack of cotton, consequent on the strike.

The final settlement of the London dock dispute has been arranged.

Extraordinary scenes are being witnessed at the London termini, where soldiers are on guard with fixed bayonets. Troops are bivouacking on the platforms.

The Home Office, in a statement issued late last night, says the railway strike has produced a widespread, though partial, dislocation of traffic. Considerably more than two-thirds of the men are remaining at their posts. The companies are receiving numerous applications for employment.

Military authorities report that the situation is thoroughly under control. Five thousand special constables have been enrolled.

Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Buxton are engaged in conferring with representatives of the strikers and the companies, with a view to an amicable settlement on fair terms.

Strikers Dispersed by Bayonets

Strikers, who attempted to hold up the Irish mail trains at Fishguard, were dispersed at the point of the bayonet.

The crews of the warships at Portsmouth have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to go on garrison duty.

An attempt was made to derail a train near York yesterday.

Marylebone station has been shut since five o'clock yesterday afternoon and is garrisoned by soldiers. It is feared that the strikers will make an attack on the station to-night. Engines, manned by men from the Royal Engineers, are patrolling the line to Neasden.

A number of insurances against loss and damage are being effected at Lloyds.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

Local train services in London continue though much reduced. The termini at Cannon Street and Holborn Viaduct and ten other stations are closed. In addition the North London Railway has completely stopped running. In the southern suburbs, however, there is some improvement.

The chief obstacle in the negotiations is, apparently, the companies' refusal to recognise the Unions.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald has arranged for the railway men to meet Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Buxton. He believes that the difficulties are not insurmountable.

The general situation, to-day, is summed up in a leading article in the *Westminster Gazette*. It says that neither the companies nor the men have made good their predictions and boasts. The companies have not prevented a serious dislocation of traffic, and the men have not produced the general paralysis they threatened. The Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants declares that 250,000 men are out, while the managers characterise this as an exaggeration.

There have been attacks on signal-boxes, and the telegraphs have been cut in various districts, but a military report shows that the lines, as a whole, are well controlled.

The strike is badly felt in France and Germany, where the ports are cumbered with goods consigned to England, which shippers refuse to accept. The goods in French ports are largely perishables.

Welsh Mob Fired On.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

A Home Office report published this afternoon, states that perfect tranquillity prevails in London, that there is a reduced but effective service and that ample provisions are coming in. The report adds that the port of London is in almost full activity.

There have been no further serious riots in the United Kingdom, but several attempts were made to-day to derail trains and there were many minor acts of violence.

The report did not doubt that the continual despatch of troops to the threatened areas had had the most important influence in securing peaceful methods.

The railway companies are liberally rewarding the men, who did not join the strike, and passengers are raising subscriptions.

An agreement has been reached in the lightermen's dispute, which completes the settlement in connection with the London docks.

While a train was approaching Llanelly this afternoon, a mob which had gathered, stoned the police and soldiers guarding the line. An officer warned the strikers, but without avail. The Riot Act was read, but the crowd continued to laugh and jeer. The officer fired a shot in the air, but the people remained unmoved. Then the troops fired. Four people were wounded, and it is feared that the wounds of all of them are mortal. The mob dispersed after the firing.

LATER.

It is stated that three volleys were fired at Llanelly. None of the mob was hit, but four men in a garden in the vicinity received injuries. Two of them have already succumbed.

The strikers, it appears, boarded the train and pulled off the engine-driver and fireman. The Worcestershires hurried up and fired a first volley over the heads of the crowd. The two others, however, were fired at a lower elevation.

The situation in Liverpool is growing worse hourly. Unless fresh sources of food are discovered, the poor will suffer acutely.

Separate conferences are taking place between the Government and the managers and men. The conferences were still sitting to-night, and constant communication is being kept up.

The Central Station at Manchester has been re-opened. London and Liverpool trains arrived at the rate of two an hour. The service with Liverpool has been started, and the public are most enthusiastic at its resumption.

The City and South London Railway was closed this afternoon.

Several cotton-mills in Manchester and the neighbourhood have already been closed.

The Settlement.

LATER.

It is announced that the railway strike has been settled.

LONDON, AUGUST 20.

There was renewed rioting at Llanelly after the troops had fired on the strikers. The mob, incensed at the shooting, indulged in pillaging and burning.

Three persons were killed and many injured in an explosion of dynamite in a goods shed, near the railway station, which had been set on fire.

The troops made several bayonet charges, and many persons were wounded, some of them seriously.

The Terms.

The terms of the settlement in the railway dispute provide that the strike shall terminate forthwith, the men's leaders doing their best to induce the men to return to work.

All the strikers will be reinstated without any penalty being inflicted on them.

The Conciliation Boards will deal at once with the questions in dispute and a commission of enquiry, consisting of two representatives of railway companies, two of the men and one impartial member, to report on the working of conciliation boards, will be formed as soon as possible.

The Government have assured the railway companies that they will introduce legislation next session providing for any increase in the charges entailed by an increase in the wages.

Both parties undertake to accept the findings of the commission of enquiry. Any questions arising from the interpretation of the agreement are to be submitted to the Board of Trade.

Sir William Granet, General Manager, Midland Railway, and Mr. Claughton, Deputy Chairman of the London and North-Western, on behalf of the companies, and four Union representatives on behalf of the men, have signed the agreement.

A change from pessimism to optimism set in yesterday evening.

Mr. Asquith suddenly returned to town yesterday and Mr. Lloyd George summoned a conference in the middle of dinner. It is believed that the events in Llanelly have greatly impressed the members of the conference.

Troops will return to their districts as soon as is convenient.

An official statement is issued to-day, announcing that order has been restored at Llanelly.

The military authorities report that the railwaymen were not responsible for yesterday's rioting. The men are returning to work. Tranquillity prevails throughout the country including Liverpool and Birkenhead.

Mr. Keir Hardie, speaking at Dowlais, said that the men's leaders had sent out telegrams calling for an immediate strike, in reply to what was regarded as a threat of Mr. Asquith, that unless conciliation were accepted, soldiers and machinery of state would be brought out to crush the men into submission.

"So," concluded Mr. Keir Hardie; "the responsibility was really Mr. Asquith's."

The Lord Mayor will disband the Special City Constables this morning.

LONDON'S INDIAN MUSEUM.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

In respect of the appeal of the Royal Asiatic Society for an annual grant of a thousand pounds to the Indian Museum at South Kensington, for the purpose of placing it in charge of oriental experts, the Council of India has decided to adhere to the decision of 1879, when the collection was transferred to the Science and Art Department, and not to accept further financial responsibility.

THE POPE'S ILLNESS.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

His Holiness the Pope is convalescent.

It is understood that a committee will meet shortly at Simla to consider the question of the retention of troops at Dera Ismail Khan, where the cantonment is threatened by the erosion of the right bank of the Indus. The Tank is indicated as the site of the new cantonment.

The Russo-Chinese joint scientific expedition to study marmot diseases has arrived at the border of Siberia. It found no case of plague among human beings. The plague is apparently epizootic and not extensive, and there is no cause for alarm in Europe. Dr. Zabolotny has identified plague with the marmot disease.

PERSIAN AFFAIRS.

Russo-German Convention.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

The *Times* St. Petersburg correspondent wires that a Russo-German convention in regard to Northern Persia will probably be signed to-day. It stipulates for the open door on one hand, and the recognition of Russia's special interests on the other. It treats exhaustively of Russia's undertaking to build a railway from Teheran to Khanikin, and not to prevent the completion of the Baghdad line.

ST. PETERSBURG, AUGUST 20.

The Russo-German Agreement has been published.

Germany undertakes not to seek for concessions for railways, roads or telegraphs in the Persian territory north of a line drawn from Kasr-i-Shirin on the western frontier to to the Afghan border along the parallel of Gazik.

Russia agrees to apply to the Persian Government for railway concessions, including one for a railway from Teheran to Khanikin. When this concession is obtained the building of the line must be begun not later than two years after the completion of the Sadidje-Khanikin Railway and concluded in four years.

Both the Governments agree to grant facilities for international traffic on the Khanikin-Teheran and the Khanikin-Baghdad lines and not to introduce transit dues or differential tariffs. If, after the expiry of the term of two years, the building of the Khanikin-Teheran line has not been begun, Russia shall inform Germany that she renounces the concessions whereupon the German Government shall obtain the right to apply itself for a concession.

Russia undertakes not to hinder the completion of the Bagdad Railway and the participation of foreign capital.

Russia has a right to transfer the Teheran-Khanikin line to any foreign financial group.

Major Stokes.

TEHERAN, AUGUST 19.

The British Minister here has informed Persia that the British Government cannot accept Major Stokes's resignation.

THE RUSSIAN BUDGET.

Great Increase on Naval Construction.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

The *Times* St. Petersburg correspondent states that the Budget for 1912 will include substantial credits for completing the second track of the Siberian Railway, and eight millions sterling for naval construction compared with two and three quarters in 1911.

CHOLERA IN STAMBOUL.

Prayers in Mosques Ordered.

CONSTANTINOPLE, AUGUST 18.

There were 70 cases of cholera and 54 deaths yesterday.

The Sheik-ul-Islam has ordered prayers in the mosques to avert the pestilence.

HOME CRICKET.

The Team for Australia.

LONDON, AUGUST 18.

Kent beat Gloucestershire at Cheltenham, by an innings and 94 runs.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

The M. C. C. has decided to invite Mr. G. L. Jessop and Hitch to accompany the team to Australia, and to ask Mr. P. F. Warner to captain the team.

The club has also decided with regard to the sharing of gate and stand receipts in the triangular test matches in 1912 that counties shall make their own arrangements. It was further decided that the M. C. C. should recommend that if, after the second match between any two countries, neither side shall have secured an advantage, the third match be played to a finish.

This proposal will have to be submitted to an Imperial cricket conference.

Worcester beat Hants, at Worcester to-day, by eight wickets.

Lancashire defeated Middlesex at Manchester, by 83 runs.

The match, between Surrey and Yorkshire at the Oval, was abandoned owing to rain, Surrey score three points.

[London Aug. 6.—The "Field" is appealing for subscriptions to support the training ship "Mercury" and thus enable C. B. Fry, its honorary director, to go to Australia with the Marylebone team. "The Field" says that if the public subscribe £5,000 it will provide maintenance for the "Mercury" for a year and also pay off the debt of £1,600.]

BRITISH AVIATOR KILLED.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

Lieutenant Ridge has been seriously injured by a fall from his biplane, at Farnborough.

LATER.

Lieutenant Ridge has died as result of his injuries.

BIG EXHIBITION SCHEME FOR AUSTRALIA.

MELBOURNE, AUGUST 19.

Victoria is asking the other States of the Commonwealth to join with her in holding an Empire Exhibition in one of the principal Australian capitals in 1912 or 1913.

THE following *Press Note* is issued by the Burma Government:—The officers of the Provincial Forest Service in Burma are being given the benefit of the arrangements, recently sanctioned by the Secretary of State, for the revision of the emoluments of extra conservators and extra-deputy conservators of forests, with effect from March last.

THE BAGHDAD RAILWAY.

British Proposals to the Porte.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 18.

Sir Edward Grey, replying in the House of Commons to Mr. Lloyd, said that negotiations had been in progress for some time respecting the terms of British consent to increase the customs duties to 14 per cent., which incidentally bear upon the Baghdad Railway.

The Government had made proposals to the Porte to secure economic equality in connection with the railway, and a definite settlement as regards the region of the Gulf.

THE MOROCCAN SITUATION

Franco-German Negotiations.

BERLIN, AUGUST 18.

The negotiations between France and Germany on the subject of Morocco are at a complete standstill. Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter and M. Cambon have gone to report to the German Emperor and the French Government respectively.

It is stated that negotiations will be resumed in a fortnight.

H. H. MAHARAJA OF COOCH-BEHAR.

Condition Very Grave.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 19.

News has reached Calcutta of the serious illness of His Highness the Maharajah of Cooch Behar in London. He went home some time ago in order to be present at the Coronation, but, during his stay in England he had enjoyed anything but good health.

Latest cables received in India report that his condition is very grave and is giving cause for great anxiety to his family. The condition of His Highness was considered so grave that it was deemed advisable to summon from India those members of the family not already in London. For this reason his son Prince Hitendra and other members of His Highness's suite left Calcutta hurriedly by last Thursday's mail and sailed from Bombay on Saturday.

THE ROYAL VISIT.

Levee in Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 19.

The *Englishman* hears on high authority that it is practically certain that all gentlemen who are non-officials and who may be permitted to attend His Majesty's Levee in Calcutta, will be required to wear court dress. Moreover, the Levee is likely to be confined to some nine hundred or a thousand gentlemen. The drawing-room, which will be held by Their Majesties, will be a much smaller function and probably not more than 500 ladies will make their curtsies to the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress.

GROUNDING OF R. I. M. LAUNCH.

Lascars Convicted of False Evidence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, AUGUST 19.

The papers have now returned from the Government of India in connection with the court of enquiry, held in February last, to ascertain the cause of the grounding of R. I. M. steam launch "Gunner" on January 17th at De Silva Point, when Captain Izat, R.G.A., Bombardier Woods and Gunner Moran lost their lives by drowning. The finding of the court was that a lascar, Fyzar Ahmed, and the serang, Abdul Karim, should be removed from the service. The evidence of both these men regarding Captain Lyon taking over charge of the wheel and the telegraph, and altering the vessel's course to port was false. The Lieutenant-Governor, after considering the recommandation of the court, is of opinion that the serang, Abdul Karim, is unfit to serve in that capacity and has directed his certificate to be cancelled.

FRAUDULENT LAND PURCHASE.

Accused Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON AUGUST 19.

Mr. McCullum, Officiating District Judge at Pegu, yesterday delivered judgment in the alleged fraud case in which H. Garstin, alias Chivers and H. N. Garstin, of Rangoon, and Maung Myat Pu were charged with having obtained from a Karen Rs. 3,500, in connection with the purchase of certain land at Pegu. The accused were convicted and sentenced to three months' riegorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 each, in default another month's simple imprisonment.

SHIP ON FIRE AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 19.

A fire which broke out last Saturday, in a cargo of gunnies on board a steamer named the "Whitgift," belonging to Messrs. Turner Morrison & Co., while at sea, is still raging. It has spread to the coal bunkers and has also damaged the captain's cabin. Efforts are being made to unload the cargo and the local fire-brigade are working strenuously to extinguish the flames.

SHOCKING DOUBLE MURDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, AUGUST 19.

The Lucknow police are investigating a crime committed by one Matadin, who is alleged to have murdered a man and a woman in the district. The accused, who is a resident of Intgaon, came to visit his cousin who was recently married. On the morning of the crime he went to the room where she and her husband were sleeping and attacked the latter with a knife. The woman fled to the house of a neighbour and the accused after nearly decapitating her husband, Ram Lal, followed her and killed her in the same manner.

FRONTIER FAMILY FEUD.

Casualties Number Fifty.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 19.

A Frontier correspondent reports that the old quarrel between the Miangul's grandsons of Akhund of Swat has broken out afresh. As usual the cause of disagreement is connected with the revenues of the Akhund's Shrine at Saido. There was some fighting at the village of Gag Darrah which was won and lost in turn by the rival factions. The joint casualties are said to have numbered fifty, the Miangul's Sahibzada was in Peshawar at the time and he returned hurriedly to Saido. The local mullahs are trying to arrange an amicable settlement.

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 20.

A sad drowning fatality has taken place at Jhansi. A picnic party of the Gadia Railway Water Works, on Thursday last, was abruptly terminated by three gentlemen of the party being drowned. One young lady just escaped and she is still in a critical condition. A paddling party was organised, but getting beyond their depth the catastrophe ensued. The men were, Wells, a boilermaker, aged forty, Santosh, a railway employee, aged 23; Cuneis belonging to medical department, aged 20; Miss Murray, aged 16, was the unfortunate girl. Mr. Turner shop-chargeman after four hours continual diving, recovered the body of Wells other bodies being recovered by an Indian mechanic of the water works. The bodies of the three men were buried this morning.

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT BILL.

Fourth Day's Debate in Council.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 19.

The fourth day's debate on the Calcutta Improvement Bill commenced this morning at Belvedere. The Hon'ble Mr. Duke presided. There were fewer non-official members present than on the three previous days.

An amendment was moved by Mr. Apcar, the object of which he said was to place on the right shoulders, those of the owners, the burden of repairing insanitary dwellings. This was resisted by Mr. Bompas who said the mover apparently wished that the Trust should exercise concurrent jurisdiction in this matter with the Corporation.

The amendment was defeated by 31 votes to 10.

An amendment was moved by Rai Sitanath Roy Bahadur that clause 61 B, which provides for the constitution of a tribunal for performing the duties of a court in reference to the requisition of land, be omitted. He and other speakers appealed to the Council not to shut out the right of appeal from the decision of the tribunal. Mr. Bompas opposed the amendment and said that a tribunal would be a better court than the court which had existed under the Land Acquisition Act, because it would be a court of experts and in this matter the experience of Bombay was exactly to the point. In Bombay they had such a tribunal and the Bombay High Court considered that a tribunal of experts was better than a court presided over by an expert lawyer.

The amendment was defeated by a large majority.

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 20.

At the afternoon's Session, discussions on various other amendments with regard to land acquisition clauses took place and when the Council adjourned at 7 p.m, there were still 167 amendments to deal with.

LANDSLIP AT SIMLA.

Woman's Body Found.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 19.

The condition of the four men who were taken out of the debris of the land slip reported yesterday and taken to the Ripon Hospital for treatment has much improved. The medical authorities of the hospital now entertain the hope of their recovery. No clue has yet been found of the woman who was suspected to have been buried under the debris, though the police are making strenuous efforts to find her.

LATER.

The dead body of the woman, who was one of the victims of yesterday's landslip was taken out of the debris this afternoon. Great credit is due to the inspector of the local police who, with his men, worked valiantly.

BREACH ON BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 19.

The Traffic Manager of the Bengal Nagpur Railway wires as follows:—In continuation of my press message of yesterday's date, the transhipment of mails and first and second class passengers at mile 257 between Cuttack and Derang on the East Coast Section of the Bengal Nagpur Railway is now possible. Intending passengers should, however, note that it will be necessary for them to tranship at mile 257 by boats and that they will have to make their way for a distance of three and a half miles between miles 257 and 260 1-2. Trollies will be arranged for as far as possible, passenger's luggage should however be restricted as heavy packages cannot be taken.

KOLAR MINE DISASTER.

Engine-Driver Sentenced.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, AUGUST 20.

The trial of James Waters, Engine Driver, who is charged under the Mysore Mines Regulation with negligently causing the death of seven coolies and injuries to thirteen by an over-wind at the Champion Reef, on the 9th instant, has concluded in the Special Magistrate's Court. The accused is sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment. There were 8 witnesses for the prosecution, but none for the defence, Waters, pleading that the accident was due to the starting valve of his engine having become tightened. The engine had attained a high speed because the descending cage was full and the ascending one empty, but he admitted that this was a common occurrence. In passing the sentence the Magistrate, Mr. Bowring, remarked that there could be no doubt the accident was due to excessive speed of the engine which prevented the driver from stopping in time. The fact, that after the cage had come to rest, 620 more feet of rope were passed before the engine stopped, showed how out of control it had come. But the accused must take full responsibility for his own error of judgment.

SIR L. HARE.

Farewell Entertainment.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 20.

Sir Lancelot Hare, the outgoing Lieutenant Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam, presided over his farewell Durbar at Dacca yesterday. In reply to addresses presented by Hindus and Mahomedans he made a lengthy speech touching on almost all the subjects affecting the Province. After briefly referring to the benefits that followed the partition of Bengal, His Honour admitted the justice of the prayer for a separate High Court and a University for the new Province, but he observed that, for want of funds, they could not grant the prayer for the present.

Referring to the political crimes, His Honour said:—"There may be some who think that it concerns other people and not themselves, but this is not so. It concerns one and all of you most intimately. If the tyranny which it is sought to establish could be successfully enforced, all your liberties would go and the life of not one of you could be happy or safe. The Government is concerned not for self-defence, for Government cannot be pushed aside by the people who will not show themselves, and if those who wish to attack the Government come out into the field, then the end will not be long deferred. But the Government is very closely concerned for the protection of the people from a peculiarly atrocius form of crime, and the Government is absolutely determined that it must be suppressed. I am betraying no confidence in saying that the Government of India is not less determined and it has promised every assistance it can give in the campaign in which we are engaged."

Continuing His Honour said:—"There has been some carping at the length of the trials in criminal cases, and that we have to bear their expenses. If regard is had to the number of people involved, I submit, that these are not excessive, and if the condition is laid down that punishment is only to follow on conviction in the Court, it is a folly to take exception to the necessary consequence of such a resolve. It may be a trial of patience to hear of these cases day after day, but the patience necessary for a proper enquiry must be found; otherwise there must be negation of justice and abnegation of Government. If the Government were alone concerned and only the danger to the Government were at issue, the Government could perhaps afford to brush these attacks aside with contempt, but it is the people who suffer from these brutal murders, this callous indifference to human life, and it is the people committed to our charge whom we have to protect, and this we mean to do, no matter how long and arduous the campaign may be. Great callousness to human suffering is frequently found to go with great cowardice and a few successful cases of resistance will probably end this form of crime."

BURMA LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Forests Amendment Bill.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, AUGUST 19.

At a meeting of the Burma Legislative Council held to-day, under the presidency of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, on the motions by the Hon'ble Mr. Thompson and the Hon'ble Mr. Arbuthnot, the Burma Towns and Village Amendment Bill, 1911, and the Burma Forests Amendment Bill, 1911, were introduced and referred to Select Committees to report by the 31st instant and the Council was adjourned *sine die*.

By the Burma Towns and Village Amendment Bill it is proposed to enlarge the public duties imposed on ward headmen and village headmen in regard to the supplying of troops or the police with carriages or means of transport for more than a twelve hours' journey from town or villages, if the Deputy Commissioner certifies the necessity for it in the public interest.

The second, the Forest Bill, is to effect a measure of decentralisation. It is found, under the existing law, that numerous references have to be made to the Government of India to sanction disafforestation in small areas of forest land. The Local Government will be empowered to levy a royalty on manufactured lac and the bye-products of crude lac. The only cases in which previous sanction will not be required are when the place from or through which the forest produce is imported in territory not under the control of the Local Government.

THE ABORS EXPEDITION.

Fresh Disturbance.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 20.

The "Pioneer" publishes the following account of an attempted attack recently planned by Abors upon the Balek outpost, held by the detachment of the Lakimpur military police battalion beyond Pasighat on the Dihong. The garrison consists of 150 men with 7 pounder guns:—From information supplied by the friendly tribesmen it appears that on the last week about 1,000 Kebong and Komsing Abors appeared at the village, about fifteen miles north of Balek, I made overtures to the Pasis. They proposed that, on a given date, a rendezvous should take place near Balek, fighting-men of the Pasi sections joining them secretly. The force was then to be divided into two bodies one of which was to be placed in ambush. A sham attack was to be made by 20 men on one of the Pasi villages, in the hope that the police would send out a detachment in order to repel the raid. This detachment was cunningly to be drawn into ambush and cut up, at the same time the main body of the Abors were to rush the stockade, the defenders of which would not be prepared for a sudden attack from an unexpected direction. The Pasis are said to have approved of the scheme at first; but later they made reservation and, in spite of the intimidation, withdrew and the plan of attack failed. The Kebong and Kamsing men denounced the Pasis as cowards and threatened to raid into their lands when outposts at Balek and Pasighat were withdrawn.

The forty-fifth annual report of Dr. Barnardo's Homes, which has just been published, states that during 1910 9,130 children were under the care of the Home; 977 boys and girls were sent to Canada and Australasia bringing the total since the foundation up to 22,614, 5,415 children were boarded out, and 176,809 free meals were provided. The children rescued in forty-four years numbered 73,251. The total income from donations amounted to £225,703, being £37,306. less than in 1909. Expenditure during the year shows an excess over income of nearly £63,000.

At Liverpool, in the State of Ohio, the treatment plant of the Crucible Steel Co., collapsed on August 4, burying 40 workmen in the ruins. Rescue parties are working hard and have so far recovered two corpses and four men whose injuries are mortal. It is certain that many of the entombed workmen have perished.

THE DOMINION NAVIES.

Meaning of the Agreement.

Since the revision and renewal of the Japanese Alliance, with the full concurrence of the Dominion Prime Ministers, there has been no need, says the "Times," to insist upon the great value of the work done by the Conference in broadening the basis of British foreign policy and widening the range of popular understanding on which, in its main essentials, it must rest. Ever since the Imperial Defence Conference of 1909 it has become patent that the "status" of the Dominion Navies, which it was then decided to create, must equally demand the attention of Imperial statesmanship. The agreement now published forms, therefore, after the decisions in regard to foreign affairs, a second and cognate result of great significance from the deliberations of the recent Imperial Conference.

THE DEFENCE CONFERENCE.

Two years after the Imperial Conference of 1907 there took place what is sometimes described as the "German scare," in the course of which New Zealand, Australia, and Canada, each made offers of further assistance to Imperial defence. Following on these offers a Conference was summoned to determine what preparations were necessary to secure the safety of the Empire and how the expense involved was to be distributed. At this Conference it was agreed that Canada and Australia should create small local navies to add to the defensive strength of the Empire in their own waters. Canada undertook to build five protected cruisers, which she was to station partly on the Atlantic and partly on the Pacific coast; Australia undertook the creation of a fleet unit consisting of one Dreadnought, three protected cruisers, and six destroyers; and New Zealand paid for a Dreadnought cruiser which was to be the flagship of a second British unit in Pacific waters.

TWO FRENCH DEVELOPMENTS.

After the 1909 Conference two developments of great significance began to throw a further light upon the problem of co-operation for defence. In the first place, the expectation of the Admiralty that the local fleets of the Dominions would be placed under its control automatically, in time of war, was not realized. Both the Canadian and Australian Naval Defence Acts state that the Government "may" transfer the Dominion ships to the Admiralty. The present Australian Government declared that, in the event of war, it would do so. Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated that in the event of war Canada would do so, only if it approved of the war. In both cases, however, the idea of an "automatic" transfer was abandoned. The transfer will depend on the opinions of the Government and party in power at the time. The second event of importance was the publication of Admiral Henderson's report. This report proposed the creation of an Australian Navy, to consist of eight Dreadnoughts, 16 protected cruisers, 18 destroyers, 12 submarines, and a number of other minor vessels. The Australian Government has not yet accepted these recommendations, but it seems probable, whatever becomes of Admiral Henderson's report, that Australia will within measurable time be in control not of a relatively insignificant squadron, but of one which is bound to exercise a profound influence on International politics and on the balance of power. Thus, since the 1907 Conference, three decisions of far-reaching importance had been taken—the principle of the creation of Canadian and Australian Navies had been adopted by agreement between the British Government and the Dominion Governments; the Parliaments of Canada and Australia had decided that these Navies should be placed under the British Admiralty in time of war only, if they so decided; and the Australian Government had at least begun to consider the creation of a first-class battle-fleet.

AN ENTIRELY NEW PROBLEM.

It was obvious that these three events created an entirely new situation within the Empire. They gave rise to questions which affected not only the five self-governing British peoples, but every Power in the world. First and most important was the question of foreign policy, to which we need not here revert; but scarcely less important were difficulties directly concerning the Navies themselves. What was to be their "status" upon the high seas? If they moved at their own discretion, how and when were foreign Powers to be notified? It is one of the recognized methods of diplomacy to alter the disposition of fleets, squadrons, and even single men-of-war—a method which has been in evidence in the Atlantic in the last two or three weeks. A natural result is that movements of the kinds are usually formally notified to any Power which may be concerned. What check was there to be upon a Dominion squadron, flying the British flag, whose movements might affect a delicate International situation? And how was the conduct of Dominion ship to be regulated in foreign ports?

Such difficulties, which in practice are numerous, created, in addition to the determination of foreign policy, a second problem for the Imperial Conference—a problem entirely new, because the policy of the creation of Dominion Navies was only definitely undertaken two years ago. The agreement now made does not, of course, entirely solve it, but it shows that the Conference has taken a long step towards that end.

On the other hand, the arrangement for interchangeability of officers and men will do much to meet practical difficulties of a different and more technical kind. The chief of these was to provide for adequate promotion in fleets which, for a long time, must be small, and to secure a common standard of training, discipline, and "moral."

The papers dealing with the work of the recent Imperial Conference on Defence, which were issued on Monday, describe, "inter alia" the future duties of the Inspector-General of the Overseas Forces—at present Sir Ian Hamilton. The recommendations of the General, Staff which were approved by the Committee of the Conference, provide that the Army Council will, on receiving a request from the Government of a self-governing Dominion, make arrangements for the inspection of the military forces of the Dominion in question by the Inspector-General. The inspection will be directed towards ascertaining the military efficiency of the force; the Inspector will not deal with military policy unless specially asked to do so. Dominion Governments which desire their forces to be inspected are asked to make application to the Army Council not later than August 1 in the year preceding that of the inspection.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 18.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Major Bickford, Commandant, Khyber Rifles, also officiates as Political Agent, Khyber.

Further amendments of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law of 1898 and the Uganda Order in Council 1911, are published in the current issue of the "Gazette of India."

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenants Fitzgerald, Middlesex Regiment, and Hext, Devonshire Regiment, are admitted to the India Army.

Volunteer Officers' decorations are conferred on Lieutenants Grey, Punjab Light Horse, Lowther, E. I. Railway, and Vonck, 2nd Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. W. B. Brown resigns the Civil Service.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Revd. Cole, Chaplain, Calcutta, retires from the service.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Lieut.-Colonel Jones, I. M. S., is transferred to Bombay as Assay Master and Captain Drake, I. M. S., is appointed as Deputy Assay Master, Bombay.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. A. H. Lloyd, C. S., officiate as Collector of Customs in Class 3 vice Mr. Judge granted one month's leave.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned from loan funds the project for enlarging and improving the waterway comprising the Twante Canal and the Kanaungto and Twante Creeks in Lower Burma.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL

THE following messages, which appeared in the Australian papers to hand yesterday morning, are later than those which came by the English mail :—

Moroccan Situation

THE KAISER BLAMED.

Berlin, Aug. 5,

Though it was recently alleged that the negotiations for a settlement of the Morocco question had reached an impasse, the diplomatic position is now improved.

A rapprochement had been established on the matters of principle involved between Herr Kidderlin-Waechter, the German Foreign Minister, and M. Cambon, the French Ambassador, who are conducting the negotiations.

Inquiries made in official quarters by Reuter's representative have elicited a denial of the statement of the Echo de Paris, that Germany asked for or desires the cession of Tahiti or of any French island in the South Pacific.

The journals of the Pan-Germanic party are now hotly denouncing the Kaiser, Chancellor von Hollweg, and Foreign Minister von Kidderlin-Waechter for having changed the German policy in respect to Morocco.

Berlin, Aug. 6

It is believed that the altered German policy, in regard to squeezing France, means that the Kaiser has abandoned the claim to the French Congo as compensation for allowing France a free hand in Morocco, and that what is now asked is a more extensive hinterland for the German Kamerun possessions on the Gulf of Guinea.

The Pan-German papers are now indulging in jeremiads over the supposed humiliation of Germany by the reduction of her demands.

The "Die Post" insists that a change of policy has been made which must force into retirement the coup effected by the German occupation of the Morocco port of Agadir. The "Die Post" concludes its article with an attack upon the Kaiser, whom it holds responsible for the change in the Morocco policy of Herr von Kidderlin-Waechter, Minister for Foreign Affairs.

The "Zukunft," another Pan-German paper, also attacks the Kaiser, and scornfully dubs him "William the Peaceful."

Berlin, Aug. 6.

The effect of the Franco-German rapprochement was perceptible yesterday on the Continental bourses, prices being stronger.

Paris, Aug. 5.

The "Debats" states that the German Government is moving heaven and earth to make England believe that a satisfactory basis of agreement on the Morocco question has been arrived at.

Paris, Aug. 6.

The "Matin" definitely states that the compensation which France gives to Germany in the Moroccan settlement will be confined to the frontiers of German Kamerun country, where it adjoins the French Congo. There is now no longer any question of ceding to Germany either Tahiti, in the South Pacific, or increasing the territory of German Togoland, on the Gulf of Guinea, by transfers from French Dahomey.

The settlement of Germany's economic interests in Morocco, however, "Le Matin" adds, remains to be dealt with.

Brussels, Aug. 6.

The leading Belgian papers, in articles on possible French concessions in Africa to Germany, protest strongly against any arrangement which will permit Germany to lay hands on the Congo State.

The Steel Trust.

Washington, Aug. 6.

Interesting evidence was given yesterday at the Governmental inquiry into the affairs of the American Steel Trust by ex-President Roosevelt.

Mr. Roosevelt declared that, as President of the United States, he consented to allow the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Co. by the Steel Trust in 1907, and thus averted a national financial panic. When the Tennessee Company got into difficulties he realised that a panic on Wall street Stock Exchange was inevitable. There was then no other possible course but to allow the absorption of the company by the Steel Trust in order to restore public confidence.

Mr. Roosevelt added that in dealing with Trust questions the United States had much to learn from Germany.

American Tram Strike.

Washington, Aug. 6.

Serious riots have occurred at Des Monies, in the State of Iowa, in connection with a strike of tramway employees.

The tramway owners engaged a number of strike-breakers to run the trams, but the unionists drove them from the cars and compelled them to take refuge in a stationary train. The strikers assailed this with volleys of stones, and forcing a way in beat the strike breakers severely. Over 100 men were injured in the riot.

PAYMENT OF MEMBERS.

London, Aug. 6.

Mr. Lloyd-George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announces that he will move on Thursday, in the House of Commons, his resolution in favour of payment of members of Parliament.

The resolution sets out that the rate of pay shall be £400 a year, but that members who are in receipt of office allowances shall not participate.

JAPAN AND ARBITRATION.

Washington, Aug. 6.

Speaking yesterday at a banquet given at the White House in honour of Admiral Togo, President Taft invited Japan to join in the Anglo-American arbitration movement.

Admiral Togo, in briefly responding, said he would convey President Taft's sentiments to the Japanese Emperor.

MEXICO'S TROUBLES.

Mexico, Aug. 6.

Though the flight of President Diaz to Europe two months ago brought insurrectionary fighting to an end, a recrudescence of trouble is threatened. General Bernard Reyes has announced his intention of contesting the Presidency of Mexico, and consequently there is the prospect of another civil war.

FOR THE SOUTH POLE.

London, Aug. 6.

Dr. Mawson's Antarctic exploration vessel, Aurora, yesterday left Cardiff after taking in her coal supply. She starts on her voyage to Australia with 25 officers and men, including Lieut. Mainnis (assistant surveyor) and Dr. Merty (geologist).

REVENUE OF FRANCE.

Parish, August 6.

The official estimate of France's revenue for 1912, is £7,000,000 in excess of the estimate for the present year.

[French revenue receipts 1910 totalled £167,433,249, and the expenditure £167,415,298.]

NICARAGUA DELUGED.

New York, August 4.

Telegrams from Central America report that the Republic of Nicaragua is suffering from flood visitations unparalleled for a generation. A river gunboat caught in the floods has been sunk and 50 men have been drowned.

THE CALCUTTA MARKETS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 19.

Although a half day there was little more life in the share-market to-day. The exchange market is firm with very little business. The jute market is in a very restricted state to-day, owing entirely to the operations in the Bhitar Bazar, there were 46 sellers and 443 buyers. Kutcha bales are steady and unchanged and sellers are going on steadily at the last prices. The gunny market continues flat and unchanged.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, AUGUST 19.

The rainfall distribution remains generally similar to that of yesterday, and falls become heavier in most parts, the total amount of rainfall reported being about twenty-five per cent. in excess of the normal for the day. Rainfall has begun in Gujarat and Rajputana.

The chief amounts are:—Moulmein and Kyaukpyu report two inches; Akyab, six; Toungo, one and a half; Benares, Roorki, Muktesar, Chakrata and Simla, two, Dehra Dun, eight; Jhansi and Kotah, one; Jaipur and Seoni, one and a half.

The forecast shows a continuance of the present rainfall. An extension may occur shortly to the more northerly parts of North-West India.

SIMLA, AUGUST 20.

The total rainfall has been twenty-five per cent. above the normal for the day, the distribution remains little changed since yesterday. But slight improvement in the pressure of conditions over north-west of India, which began yesterday, has developed rainfall accordingly and extended over the submontane Punjab.

The principal amounts are :—Moulmein, three inches; Bassein, Diamond Island, Toungoo, and Akyab, one and a half; Kyaukpyu, two; Cherrapunji, three; Narayanganj, two; Bogra, one and a half; Gaya, one; Patna, and Gorakhpur, three; Bahraich, two; Roorkee and Dehradun, three; Simla and Sialkot, two; Ambala, three; Pachmarhi and Cochin, one and a half; and Mangalore, three.

The forecast shows an increase of the rainfall in Behar, and possibly Chhota Nagpur and some extension in the Punjab.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 19.

The rainfall during the week was in moderate excess in Lower Burma and in Eastern Bengal and Assam, in slight excess in Bihar and the Central Provinces East, about normal in Bengal and Orissa and in defect elsewhere. This defect was large in the United Provinces, the north-west and Central parts of the country and over the greater part of the Peninsula. During the period April 28 to August 17, the amounts were above normal in Eastern Bengal and Mysore and about normal in Burma, Assam, Chhota Nagpur, Bihar, Bombay, the Deccan and Hyderabad north. The defect continued to be very marked in the United Provinces and in the north-west and Central parts of the country.

Weekly Crop Reports.

SIMLA, AUGUST 19.

The crop telegrams for the work ending August 12, show no improvement in the agricultural situation. On the contrary there were signs of the position becoming acute in the future. In the major portion of the United Provinces, sowing is practically at a standstill and rain is urgently needed to save the crops and prevent a fodder famine. Prices have risen in seventeen and fallen in five districts. In the Punjab there were no sowings on unirrigated areas and the irrigated crops are suffering from the drought. In most districts there is a plague of insects of all kinds and locusts are injuring the crops. Boll-worm has spread over the whole Provinces. Prices are rising and have reached the warning scale in eleven districts. Fodder is scarce in the Delhi Division where prospects could not be gloomier. In Rajputana and Central India agricultural operations have been retarded. Cattle disease is prevalent and fodder is scarce everywhere and prospects are poor. Prices show some unimportant variations in the Central Provinces, where fodder and water are adequate, except in Nimar and Chindwara. Good rain fell in eleven districts in Bombay, but more is needed everywhere, especially in Gujarat where the standing crops have been damaged by insects. The prices have risen in nine districts, but are stationary elsewhere.

A GLOOMY PUNJAB REPORT.

LAHORE, AUGUST 19.

The weekly crop report for the Punjab published in the current "Gazette" records no improvements in the condition of affairs, though there have been very slight rains in five districts and moderate rain in three districts, namely Simla, Dalhousie and Kasauli. The condition and prospects of irrigated crops are generally fair, but even they are suffering from draught in most districts. Unirrigated crops have been wiped out. There is a plague of insects of all kinds and grasshoppers have devoured the young crops wholesale.

The Entomologist confirms the impression as to the severity of the boll-worm visitation. Prices are rising and have reached a high scale in eleven districts. Cattle are generally healthy, but overwork and the want of green fodder have begun to tell on them in six districts. Water is deficient in Rohtak, Karnal, Hoshiarpur, Shahpur, Jhelum and Mianwali. The report says prospects could not be gloomier.

PUDOKOTAH.

At the tenth annual meeting of the Representative Assembly held yesterday, under the presidency of Mr. Bracken, C.S., in the absence of the Raja, who on account of ill health is now touring in Europe. Mr. Bracken, in the course of his speech, said that owing to lateness of monsoons, the crops have been badly affected. He detailed the work done by the various departments and thanked the members for the assistance they had given to the work of administration.

N. W. FRONTIER.

News from Kabul makes no mention of any failure of the crops, so it is to be presumed that effects of drought in the tribal hinterland of the North-West Frontier have not extended far westwards. It is the independent tribes which are suffering and they must inevitably have a short harvest in the autumn. In Waziristan and Tirah drought has been very marked but in Kurram heavy rains early in August saved the crops. In Swat Valley the irrigated areas under rice is safe. In the Mohmand country absence of rain has made itself felt for some weeks past. In Bajour and Dir snow-fed streams have provided ample water.

THE WEATHER AT SEA.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer "Ismaila," Captain J. K. Rose, which arrived in harbour on Saturday from Penang via Colombo and Karachi, reports having experienced fresh monsoon and heavy weather.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla made in Cts	Fort Colaba in Cts	Santa Cruz in Cts	Colaba in Cts
Previously registered	44·72	46·91	47·19	39·86
Sunday, 20th August	0·10	0·09	0·05	0·02
Total	44·82	47·00	47·24	39·88
Same date last year	57·19	50·32	51·21	44·17

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ltd., COMBALLA HILL, Aug. 19.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1909.	Corpdg. Total 1910.
Combella Hill.	In. cts. 0·18	In. cts. 39·83	In. cts. 62·47	In cts. 53·23

RAINFALL AT MATHERAN.

Rainfall Station Matheran week-ending 18th August, 1911:

	Inc.	Cts.
Week's Total	17	39
Previous Total	111	02
Total Fall from 1st Jan	128	41

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 18TH AUGUST.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 19th August, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded in the extreme eastern districts and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in defect except at Delhi. Temperature is normal at Multan and in excess at other stations.

The United Provinces.—Fairly general rain has fallen; Agra has had 0·14", Jhansi 0·95" and Allahabad 0·17" Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Day temperature is in excess except at Mainpuri and Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the extreme eastern districts of Rajputana, Jaipur has had 1·62" and Kotah 0·92", Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal in the area of rainfall and in defect elsewhere. Maximum temperature is in excess at Bikaner, Jaipur and Karachi; the minimum is above normal at Bikaner and Ajmer and in defect at Kotah.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Nearly general rain has fallen on the Kathiawar and Gujarat Coasts; Dwarka has had 0·14", Veraval 0·25", Bhavnagar Para 0·10" and Surat 0·30". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air is drier than usual in north Gujarat. Day temperature in defect at Bhavnagar, Para and Indore.

The Central Provinces.—Fairly general rain has fallen except in Berar; Jubbulpore has had 0·33", Saugor 0·45", Hoshangabad 0·2", Khandwa 0·10", Nagpur 0·62" and Raipur 0·25". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and minimum temperature are normal. Maximum temperature is in defect.

The Konkan.—Nearly general but comparatively light rain has fallen; Bombay has had 0·34", Ratnagiri 0·11", Mormugao 0·30" and Karwar 0·18". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum records 0·35" of rain. Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

General Remarks.—There has been an extension of rainfall into east Rajputana: Jaipur and Kotah received comparatively heavy rain. In Gujarat and Kathiawar rainfall has increased slightly in area but is confined to the coast stations. Nearly general rain has fallen on the west coast of the Peninsula, in the eastern half of the Central Provinces, and the southern and extreme eastern districts of the United Provinces. In the Bombay Deccan, Belgaum is again the only station reporting rainfall of importance.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula, and local rain in the central parts of the country and the United Provinces. Some showers may occur in Gujarat, Kathiawar and the Bombay Deccan.

Appended is Saturday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Rainfall (in inches) during the past 24 hours.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Quetta (15th)	98·8	82·0	...		0·03
Kalat	93·8	81·2	...		0·00
Sibi (15th)	107·8	96·6	...		0·00
Multan	102·8	84·0	...		1·55
Rawalpindi	107·9	83·4	...		3·51
Lahore	107·9	87·2	...		3·24
Sialkot	107·8	89·0	...		2·22
Amritsar	93·5	79·9	...		6·90
Delhi	97·5	80·8	...		5·26
Agra	103·0	80·0	0·14		2·05
Mainpuri	98·8	79·1	0·01		4·42
Jhansi	94·6	74·5	0·95		5·78
Cawnpore	97·7	81·4	...		4·25
Allahabad	92·6	76·4	0·17		5·97
Jagdalpur	103·1	83·3	...		0·05
Karachi	88·6	79·0	...		0·05
Ajmer	97·9	81·2	...		2·01
Jaipur	104·2	74·6	1·62		9·13
Kotah	94·6	75·6	0·92		8·71
Sirsa	91·0	76·6	...		1·57
Dwarka	88·3	76·2	0·14		1·73
Veraval	78·1	76·8	0·25		4·28
Jagdia	91·6	74·0	...		3·02
Bhavnagar Para	85·0	75·0	0·10		4·47
Surat	82·4	75·1	0·30		15·02
Ahmedabad	93·6	74·7	...		7·17
Deesa	88·8	77·9	...		3·05
Roomanch	86·4	73·0	...		2·85
Indore	75·1	72·1	0·04		10·28
Rutlampore	75·8	72·8	0·33		23·59
Badgir	78·8	70·1	0·45		0·11
Hoshangabad	79·6	78·4	0·13		16·18
Khandwa	85·2	74·1	0·10		7·68
Akola	84·7	78·1	0·01		16·03
Amraoti	82·8	73·8	0·1		14·66
Nagpur	81·6	73·8	0·62		31·59
Chanda	80·6	74·0	0·05		29·77
Raipur	79·7	72·6	0·25		37·41
Bombay	85·1	76·4	0·34		39·56
Ratnagiri	84·3	74·9	0·11		62·99
Mormugao	84·5	75·7	0·30		60·28
Karwar	82·2	76·0	0·13		61·89
Belgaum	84·9	70·6	0·01		19·05
Ahmednagar	83·1	69·5	...		14·53
Poona	81·0	70·3	0·03		10·80
Bhirdpur	83·8	68·1	...		11·86
Sholapur	87·2	67·8	...		7·94
Bijapur	74·8	69·0	0·25		28·99
Belgaum	84·2	67·2	...		16·25
Ahmedabad	87·4	71·7	0·07		20·54
Hyderabad (Sind)	88·8	70·7	...		15·45
Mangalore	81·8	77·8	0·78		78·64
Vellore	83·3	72·6	0·57		65·77
Coonoor	65·7	54·2	0·61		57·19
Coimbatore	89·0	76·5	...		8·60
Madras	94·2	77·2	0·01		1·65
Nellore	91·5	74·3	...		1·23
Cuddapah	96·7	76·6	...		6·26
Madras	102·0	84·0	...		2·45
Bangalore	79·3	68·8	...		8·41
Coimbatore	87·9	68·8	...		10·09
Trichinopoly	99·6	77·2	...		1·31
Negapatam	97·5	78·0	...		3·08

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 19th August, was 29·700 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 13 feet at 8 a. m. (local time) The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher and lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid, no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by 01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

CROP REPORTS.

The following final forecast of crops in the United Provinces have been issued:—

Til.—Sowings in the eastern districts began about the middle of June when enough rain was received, but they had to be suspended owing to the hot dry weather which set in. Sowings were resumed about the middle of July, when general rain fell, but as it did not last they had again to be suspended. The rain which fell after the close of July, has somewhat improved the situation and at the time the reports were sent in sowings were in progress. It is not possible at present to make any estimate of the area sown. The earlier sowings germinated badly in places or withered from the prolonged drought. The prospects of the "til" crop are uncertain at present and depend upon the weather during August and September.

Sugarcane.—The actual area sown with sugarcane will be known in December next, when crop statements are received; but from the return of the Irrigation Department, published up to the end of June, 1911, and the reports received from selected landholders, an increase of about 15 per cent. is expected in the last year's area, which amounted to 1,047,111 acres.

Sowings of the cane crop began about the usual time, viz., the middle of February and lasted till the end of March or beginning of April. Germination was good and the crop made an excellent start, and was most promising in June. The rain in June and July has, however, been very seriously deficient, and though irrigation has continued, wherever practicable, the crop has sustained considerable injury from the drought and hot winds. In the two eastern divisions, where the rainfall has been relatively favourable, the crop is still in fairly good condion, and an outturn of 85 per cent. of the normal or even more is estimated at present. Elsewhere the crop has deteriorated and is estimated at 80 in Meerut, and 75 per cent. of the normal in the remaining divisions. These estimates, however, may be very materially altered as a result of the weather during August and September.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACES.

Sixth Extra Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 19.

THERE was a very full attendance at the races on Saturday, when the least that can be said is that everything was as it should be as regards of fine weather and good sport. More fresh arrivals were seen, the owner Mr. Garda, who has some new ones to add to those he has, and two jockeys, Ames and Bullock. For once in a way the Arabs did not get as much of the seven events on the card as the bigger ones, and in consequence the day assumed a rather important aspect. The only "incident" to mention is the inquiry into the running of Young Salanie and we are glad to say Evans has been exonerated.

For the third time in succession Black Douglas was too good for the opposition, despite the fact that the field was a good one and included many classy horses. Tangaroa was thought to be very dangerous, as was Huka, and at the entrance to the straight these looked like fighting it out, Black Douglas had to be kept at his business with a few "rib-binders" at the three furlongs, but we have seen before what he can do with a gentle reminder, and he practically left the others standing. Tangaroa was eased when passed, but a gallop should do him good. Two good ones in Cattaro and Last Call were out, but in want of work, the latter being a taking horse out for staying, but his weight was not as noticeable as we have been led to expect.

Cherry Hackle made up in no uncertain manner for her defeat last time. The outing had its effect, and she won with some ease from pillar to post. Metal Boy once more ran a very good horse beating Gallileo, but Pincher continues to disappoint and has not struck true form. One who is coming on, however, is Haut Park, and we shall be surprised if he does not win in his turn.

Again in the 14·2 race, Mr. Galstaun had a great say, but unfortunately for the stable track gallops are not the most reliable things in the world to go on. Runaway Girl from the opening of the betting was established favourite, but did not go to a particularly short price owing to the strong support for Encourage, whereas some stable money came for both Pantry Girl and Evening Herald. Wild Boy cut out the pace, presumably in the interests of Runaway Girl, but just where the latter was expected to go away she failed. Encourage ran up into second place, and challenged as soon as the straight was reached, but Wild Boy was still full of running and was able to stay the other out with ease. It was a bit of a knock for punters, but I believe the stable had a saver on the winner.

Sholto has changed hands at the quite reasonable price of Rs 4,500, and ridden by his new owner, Captain Kenworthy, who won on him here last year, was made a slightly better favourite than Bright Metal, with Mafoota carrying some confidence. Pressure gave his owner trouble before he was able to get away well and follow Boomey till at the three furlongs Sholto and Mafoota displaced him and looked like having the race between them. Hill, however, took advantage of Boomey going wide, and catching the others had Bright Metal nicely in hand. He has always been an uncertain animal, but he made no mistake this time.

An interesting race was the mile and a half for Arabs, where Young Salanie was made favourite, made the running clear in front with Dojan and then dropped out. This was the item, which caused the Stewards' displeasure. Artist and Merrily were next in demand, and the former thoroughly justified it. Merrily and Parliament were very promising two furlongs from home, but neither could stay, and the only danger was Sir Visto, who came too late but seems to be right in form. The winner is a solid stayer, and had he been ridden a similar waiting race on previous occasions recently, he might have shown up more at the finish.

Two races were made of the Strangers' Plate, the first of which could have done the public little good, though the owner got on at a long price. Vazir and Burg were most fancied and both ran well, but missed win and place respectively. Vazir once more looked all over a winner only to be caught and pipped on the post by Little Laffy, who undoubtedly had the more heart. Shihab ran well, and should win in his turn.

Lastly Kimberley stood out as a good thing, the race was never in doubt and one can only commiserate with his late Arab owner, who could not have known his value, Pendil disappointed, but Baloz ran well up to his form on the last time out, Yussuff Pasha also finishing with great dash and should carry out all the promise he gave in Bombay this year.

Following are full details :—

THE STRANGERS' PLATE (Divided.)—Winner Rs. 500, second Rs. 200, third Rs. 100. For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under, landed since 1st July, 1910. Distance 6 furlongs.

Messrs Mujid Jurgi's and A S Oomer's Little Laffy 8st 5lbs.....Barrett 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Vazir 8st 11lbs.....Ferguson 2
Mr Dawood Amani's Shihab 8st.....Kuhn 3
Mr M Gokuldass's Burg 8st.....Hoyt 4

ALSO RAN:—Dawood Beg, 9st 10lbs (Taylor); Rangoon, 9st 4lbs (Robinson); Kaharaman, 9st 11lb (Evans); Rare, 8st 11lbs (Brown); General Botha, 8st 11lbs (Mujeed); Mars, 8st 8lbs (Hill); Nurgis, 8st 6lbs (Hazza); Noomas 7st 13lbs (Fahad); Little Boy, 7st 4lbs (Etul.)

BETTING:—7 to 2 against Vazir, 4 to 1 Burg, 6 to 1 Kaharaman, 7 to 1 Nurgis, and Little Laffy, tens and longer odds the rest.

THE RACE:—The field got away well together, Dawood Beg and Nurgis shewing out to, then give way to Rare, followed by Kharaman, Nurgis and Shihab. At the three Kharaman came up level and led round the band, where Vazir caught and passed him, Burg and Little Laffy shewing up outside. Finishing strong, Little Laffy wore Vazir down and won a good race by a neck, half length, and a quarter. Time.—1min. 25 3-5secs.

(Winner trained by Succaram.)

A WELTER PLATE.—Winner Rs. 500, second Rs. 200, third Rs. 100. A Welter Handicap for Horses which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over since 31st March, 1909. Distance 7 furlongs.

Mr Homi Billimoria's Bright Metal 10st carried 10st 7lbs.....Hill 1
Capt Kenworthy's Sholto 11st 7lbs.....Owner 2
Mr G K's Mafoota, 9st carried 1st 7lbs...Barrett 3
Mr J C Smith's Boomey 9st 5lbs carried 9st 12lbs Evans 4

ALSO RAN:—Pressure, 1st 10lbs (Owner,); Deputy, 9st 6lbs carried 9st 10lbs Mr J. Gough.

BETTING:—6 to 4 against Sholto, 2 to 1 Bright Metal, 4 to 1 Mafoota, 7 to 1 Boomey, 20 to 1 the rest.

THE RACE:—After giving trouble at the gate Pressure was first away followed by Boomey and Sholto, but after a furlong Boomey shot out and assumed a three length lead and later Pressure dropped back. At three Sholto was close on Boomey and at the bend was in the lead with Mafoota close on his girths. Here Boomey went a bit wide, Bright Metal shot through on the rails and from there had the race won, passing the post two lengths in front, three quarters next, head and bad fifth. Time—1min. 33 4-5-secs.

(Winner trained by Byramjee Rustom ee.)

THE GARRISON PLATE—Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. A Handicap for Horses which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,500 or over since 31st March, 1909. Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. J. C. Gaestaun's Cherry Hackle 8st...Ferguson 1
H. H. Maharaja Jam Saheb's Metal Boy 8st. 5lbs Luckman 2
Mr. P. B. Avasia's 'Gallileo 8st 9lbs.....Evans 3
Mr. Homi Billimoria's Pincher 7st. 12lbs...Brown 4

ALSO RAN:—Hant Park, 9st. (Fisher); Longchamp, 8st. 7lbs. (Poole); Lovania, 8st. 4lbs. (Barrett); Bachelor's Knot, 8st. 3lbs. (Hoyt); and The Diver, 7st. 4lbs. (Dhondi).

BETTING:—6 to 4 against Cherry Hackle, 5 to 1 Pincher, 6 to 1 Metal Boy and Bachelor's Knot, 7 to 1 Gallileo, 8 to 1 Hant Park and Lovania.

The Race:—Cherry Hackle shot out in front followed by Bachelor's Knot and Haut Park, and later Pincher joined the bunch behind the leader with Metal Boy also handy. At the turn Metal Boy passed Pincher in pursuit of Cherry Hackle, but the latter went on to win comfortably by two lengths, same between second and third, length next. Time.—1 min. 15 2-5 secs.

(Winner trained by T. Ferguson.)

THE DHOND PLATE.—Winner Rs. 750, second Rs. 250, third Rs. 150. A handicap for Arabs. Distance.—1 1-2 miles.

Mr. Abdoola Faraz's Artist 8st.....Brown 1
Mr. Heath's Sir Visto 8st. 5lbs.....Robinson 2
Zamindar of Siragiri's Brigand If 8st. 11b - Kuhn 3
Messrs. H. M. Mahomed and Faraj bin Sanad's Hoojax 6st. 9lbs.....Kamad 4

ALSO RAN:—Measer, 8st. 13lbs. (Hoyt); Parliament, 8st. 11lbs. (Barrett); Zainulmulook, 8st. 10lbs. (Southall); Young Salanie, 8st. 4lbs. (Evans); Merrily, 8st. 11b. (Ferguson); Young Japan, 7st. 9lb. (Mujeed); Dojan, 7st 3lbs (Vincent); Azzad, 7st 1lb Native; Ghalyum, 6st 12lbs (Native).

BETTING:—7 to 4 against Young Salanie, 7 to 2 Artist, 9 to 2 Merrily, 6 to 1 Parliament, 10 to 1 Brigand, Sir Visto and Measer, longer odds the rest.

THE RACE:—Ghalyum caused some delay and was last out with Azzad in a very good start, in which Parliament, Artist and Brigand were smartest away. When they began to settle down Dojan went to the front followed by Young Salanie, Parliament, Measer, Artist and Young Japan. The front two at the mile were half a dozen lengths ahead of the others, but at the half mile the gap had been greatly reduced, Merrily coming up with Parliament, and the two leaders were beaten. Young Japan came up to Merrily at the turn, Parliament having had enough, Artist being third coming outside with Brigand behind him. At the distance Artist was on terms with the leaders, and from there left them, getting to the post half a length to the good of Sir Visto, who came with a great rattle a neck in front of Brigand, two lengths next. Time—2mins 54 2-5secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

THE AUGUST PLATE.—Winner Rs 1,600, second Rs 300, third Rs 200. For Horses. Distance: 1 mile.

Zamindar of Sivagiri's Black Douglas 7st 10lbs Kuhn 1
Mr J C Galstaun's Tangaroa 9st 7lbs.....Robinson 2
Mr A A Apcar's Mayfowl 9st 13lbs, L C Hoyt } Dead
Mr G K's Huka 7st 10lbs.....Barrett } heat.

ALSO RAN:—Aborigine 9st 10lbs (Southall); Cattaro 9st 7lbs (Poole); Crossbred 9st 7lbs (Hill); Last Call 9st (Hoyt); Ballymachine 8st carried 8st 3lbs (Bullock); Realm 7st 10lbs (Native).

BETTING:—5 to 4 against Black Douglas, 4 to 1 Huka, 5 to 1 Tangaroa, 6 to 1 Last Call, longer odds the rest.

THE RACE:—Crossbred first showed out, but was then passed by Tangaroa, these being followed by Huka, Mayfowl and Black Douglas. At the six furlongs Crossbred dropped out of it and Black Douglas ran third. As they neared the bend, Huka drew up outside almost level with Tangaroa and in the straight Black Douglas shewed between them. A furlong from home, the race was practically over, Black Douglas leaving the others easily by a length, two lengths, dead heat. Time—1min 45 1-5secs.

(Winner trained by E. C. Ramshaw.)

THE SYDNEY PLATE.—Winner Rs. 750, second Rs. 250, third Rs. 150. A High Weight Handicap for Ponies 14·2 and under. Distance 7 furlongs.

Mr J C Galstaun's Wild Boy, 8st 7lbs...Robinson 1
Mr Kelso's Encourage 7st 8lbs.....McGlone 2
Mr J C Galstaun's Runaway Girl, 8st 3lbs. Ferguson 3
Captain Kennard's Puss, 7st.....Kuhn 4

ALSO RAN:—Pantry Girl, 9st 4lbs (A. Hoyt); Cheeky, 8st 6lbs (Heeroo); Evening Herald 8st 4lbs (Fisher); Koko 7st 3lbs (southall); Little Corporal 6st 10lb (Vincent).

BETTING.—6 to 4 against Runaway Girl, 2 to 1 Encourage, 5 to 1 Pantry Girl and Evening Herald, 7 to 1 Puss, 8 to 1 Wild Boy.

THE RACE.—From a good start, Wild Boy shewed out with Puss, Evening Herald, Encourage and Runaway Girl, fairly well up together. The first real change occurred after the half mile, where Encourage was a good second followed by Runaway Girl. Entering he straight Encourage ran up to Wild Boy, but Runaway Girl could make no impression. Wild Boy with something in hand won comfortably by two lengths, a length, six lengths. Time—1min 33 2-5secs.

(Winner trained by T. Ferguson.)

THE STRANGERS' PLATE.—Divided) Winner Rs. 500, second 200, and third Rs. 100. For Arab Ponies 14. Hands and under landed since 1st July, 1910, which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over. Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. H. Jamsetjee's Kimberley 8st. 6lbs.....Brown 1
Mr. M. Goculdass's Baloz 8st. 11lbs.....Hoyt 2
Mr. Gold's Yusuff Pasha 8st.....Robinson 3
Mr. A. S. Oomer's Electric 8st. 9lbs.....Fraser 4

ALSO RAN.—Pendil 8st. 12lbs. (Fahad); Secretary 8st. 11lbs (Southall); Great Gun 8st. 11lbs (Kamad); Upright 8st. 6lbs. Ferguson; Fairplay 8st. 6lbs. (Barrett; Zomat 8st. 5lbs. (Dhondi); Cocaine 7st. 8lbs. Kuhn.

BETTING.—Evens Kimberley, 5 to 2 against Pendil, 6 to 1 Baloz and Electric, 8 to 1 Yusuff Pasha Upright and Fairplay, 10 to 1 Secretary.

THE RACE.—Fairplay was first away, then Secretary assumed command, from Kimberley, Electric, Pendil and Baloz in order, near the turn Kimberley came into the lead and from there was never troubled, Baloz and then Yussuff Pasha putting in strong runs. Won by four lengths, neck, length. Time—1min. 24 2-5secs.

(Winner trained by Geolam Ally.)

CALCUTTA MONSOON MEETING.

Sixth Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 19.

The racing at the Calcutta Sixth Monsoon Meeting was of a very good order, the going was good and the attendances fairly large. Handicapping was excellent and some fine finishes were witnessed, there being two dead heats. Punters lost money as in all the races except the two favourites failed to win. Results :—

GOOMTEE PLATE.—7 furlongs :—

Captain Charrington's Politesse 9st. 12lbs.....Ruiz } Dead
Mr. Dass' Isabella 9st. 11lb.....Fraser } Heat 1
Mr. Eves's Scotch Girl 9st. 10lbs.....Owner 2

ALSO RAN:—Lasso, 8st. 4lbs; Mallinyook, 9st. 7lbs; and Ocean, 7st. 2lbs.

BETTING:—6 to 4 on Politesse, 7 to 2 Scotch Girl, 5 to 1 Ocean and Mallinyook, 7 to 1 Lasso and Isabella.

THE RACE:—Politesse and Isabella led together and near the distance Scotch Girl challenged; she failed however, to overtake the other horses who deadheated. Scotch Girl finished 2 1-2 lengths behind. Time—1 min. 36 secs.

DALHOUSIE HURDLE HANDICAP,—1 1-2 miles over 6 flights :—

Mr Pugh's To Kalon 11st 2lbs.....Northmoore 1
Mr Walker's Tommy Daw 11st 7lbs.....Mr Evers 2
Captain Mile's Idle 10st 10lbs.....Owner 3

ALSO RAN:—Mixoroy, 9st 6lbs; Monica 9st

BETTING:—5 to 4 against To Kalon, 5 to 2 Tommy Daw and Idle, 6 to 1 Miniory, 8 to 1 Monica.

THE RACE:—To Kalon led from start to finish and won by two lengths, 1 1-4 lengths between second and third. Time,—2mins 2 2-5secs.

AMATEUR CONS

BY THE WAY.

PETRARCH'S LAURA.

Once more the question of Petrarch's Laura has been raised. There has been controversy over this subject for centuries, and about the only thing certain in regard to the question is that Laura, in the opinion of competent authorities, is not a myth. The Abbe de Sade, who flourished in the eighteenth century, decided that she was Laura de Noves, the wife of the Marquis de Sade. The Abbe arrived at this conclusion from certain documents, which have vanished, so it has been suggested that, if he did not make the assertion to enhance the respectability of his own family, he may have been the dupe of some impostor who preceded him.

AN ITALIAN'S RESEARCH.

According to the "Munchner Nachrichten," an Italian scholar has recently come to the conclusion that the Laura, referred to in the foregoing paragraph, was not the wife of the marquis, but that she was his sister, and ten years younger than the marchioness. This Laura was never married, and she died in 1348, the same year as did her sister-in-law. The Italian scholar further states that two centuries after her death the tomb of Laura, the sister to the marquis, was opened by order of Francis I., and in the coffin was found a sonnet by Petrarch. The discovery of the Italian is satisfactory, at least in one point. If he be correct, then Petrarch must be exculpated from the charge of addressing amatory verses to a lady who was the mother of eleven children.

A CORAL GARDEN.

A visitor to North Queensland thus describes a trip to a coral reef in the neighbourhood of Cairncross Island. "Have you ever taken a stroll in a coral garden? No. Well, you can have no idea of its beauty. Crimson, heliotrope, gold and green, are the wonderful sea flowers, and under a mass of what might be considered the marine equivalent of 'curly greens,' and exquisite little fish, rich crimson with dark brown bands, darts out panic-stricken, and rushes round and round the miniature lake. But we have no mind to more than admire him, and finally he shrinks back again to his crinkley stronghold. Sea cabbages there are many, and the variety of slugs and their size would strike terror into the heart of the gardener on terra firma.

QUEEN VICTORIA AND BEGGARS.

In his article, "Guarding Queens while on their Holidays," in the "Girl's Own Paper and Woman's Magazine," M. Paoli speaks of the large amount of correspondence Queen Victoria received while in France, "among which," he says, "she had daily an innumerable quantity of begging letters, which were handed to me in case they needed looking into. A lunatic believed himself simply to be the son of the Queen of England, and took it into his head to assert his rights, I am bound to say, in exceedingly respectful terms:—"Madam and Dear Mother,—I hear that you are in France at present, and I, therefore, hasten to write and ask you to give a little thought to me, your son, whom you abandoned in India. I cannot go on living in Africa, where I suffer all sorts of wretchedness. Please send me some financial assistance, to enable me to live as I ought to live, that is to say, as a son of the Queen of England ought live. Hoping, dear mother, that you will have the kindness to satisfy my request, I send you a thousand kisses.—Your son, who still loves you, "D—BENA—"Oran (Algeria.")

FLANNELETTES.

As a general rule the flannelettes containing a large load of mineral matter are as non-inflammable as flannel itself, and when this "load" is unremovable by washing the flannelette is permanently fireproof. The question is next discussed as to whether such a proportion of mineral matter is desirable. There may be no case of actual injury to health recorded even after a long trial by wear, but it is conceivable that relatively large quantities of mineral salts reduce the protective qualities of the cloth. It is clear, says the "Lancet," that not only is flannelette still sold at large with no pretensions to being non-inflammable, but that flannelette is sold also to the public which wrongly claims to be non-inflammable. The number of victims to the inflammability of flannelette does not diminish; there is evidence, in fact, of an increasing toll.

TAKING HIVES TO THE HEATHER.

Bee-keepers in the heather country, unless the hives are located within a short distance of the moors, will find it profitable to move their bees to a good position right in the centre of the forage-ground. If the distance, the bees have to travel with their loads, be shortened by only a mile, the trouble of carting the hives will be well repaid by the more rapid storage of honey. In choosing a pitch for the hives, it should be remembered, says the "Smallholder" that the common ling is by far the best source of heather-honey, the bell-heathers being by comparison only indifferent yielders. Only section-racks need be taken to the moors, as the honey is, or should be, too thick for extraction. If the heather-honey is required in bottles, the combs will have to be put through the honey-press.

A FAITHFUL GUARDIAN.

A dog's devotion to duty is the subject of an article in "Our Dumb Animals," in which the writer says "it ought to put to shame every human reader who ever betrayed a trust or shirked a duty." Left one night—so goes the story—on Wagontire Mountain with 3,086 sheep, by the death of John Sagoday, her master, one female shepherd dog two weeks later delivered to Manuel Saunders, owner of the sheep, 3,085 of the animals, having lost only one during two weeks of privation. The dog's achievement was carried out despite the fact that she was the mother of puppies only a few days old when her master died.

THE SPARROW HOSTS.

The gathering of the Sparrow hosts is one of the most interesting movements in the bird world. Long before the grain has ripened and assumed the russet hues, which beautify the harvest squares on the hillside, these birds parade their forces. This is the only time of the year that the sparrow leaves the dwellings of man, and apparently it is for no other reason than that direct dependence upon the human being may be dispensed with for a while. Out in our lonely country districts where the corn is bending beneath its ripening ears the constant cheeping of the sparrows is to be heard. As you follow the hedges which provide excellent cover for the marauders what time danger approaches, you send up clouds and clouds of sparrows. At no other time of the year do you see such flocks as these, observes a writer in the "Agricultural Economist."

THE LATE DR. PAGET.

Although described as the strictest of disciplinarians, the late Bishop of Oxford made a very popular Dean of Christ Church, and the angry controversy which raged round the expulsion of the members of the Bullingdon Club in 1894 never diminished in the least the regard felt for their Dean by the members of the House. The Dean himself, in his early days, was once very nearly in serious trouble. He was poetic in those days, and loved to listen to the nightingales in Bagley Wood. On one occasion he stayed out of doors long after due hours. He was reported, and next morning had to face a visit to the then Dean. Had it not been for his blameless character and the appeal of his tutor, the future Bishop of Oxford would have been "sent down."

THE DOCKER IN LONDON.

The spread of the London dock strike has taken by surprise a good number of persons who imagined that they knew something of the conditions of work at the London Docks. Unionism among the men was supposed to be a plant of very feeble growth—so weak as to be almost non-existent in most of the docks. The character of the work has changed entirely since the days of the great strike for the "docker's tanner." Then almost all the men were casual labourers taken on from day to day and recruited almost anywhere. Now the majority of the dockers are regularly employed at weekly wages, are drafted from point to point where there is work to be done, and are more or less skilled in their business. The number of casual labourers has been reduced to very small proportions, and it has been said that since the new conditions prevailed the Dockers' Union has had little hold in London. Hence the surprise at the wide spread of the present movement.

WALKING SKELETONS.

How Sufferers from Wasting Diseases May Regain their Health.

There is no conditions more dispiriting or disquieting to the family circle than that when, for no apparent reason, his food ceases to nourish one of its members, who begins to lose weight with more or less rapidity.

This wasting is particularly prone to cause alarm when it attacks children, as it is often accompanied with diarrhœa. Whether the sufferer be young or of adult age, however, not only can this pernicious wasting be stopped, but the weight may also be restored by the world's greatest revitalising and reconstituent preparation—Sanatogen.

What it is capable of doing in these cases is vividly shown by a care quoted in "Public Health," September, 1906. A girl, aged 10, after Typhoid Fever remained, to quote the writer, "in a state of really pitiable debility. At the end of the fourth week of convalescence she could only walk a few yards by the aid of holding on to furniture. I determined to give Sanatogen a trial. The change in her condition at the end of a fortnight was truly wonderful. Appetite was improved, diarrhœa had completely stopped, the cheeks were rosy and beginning to fill out, her weight had increased by 1 lb. 10 oz., and she was able to walk the whole length of a long ward without any assistance. I kept her on the treatment another fortnight and was then able to send her home a bonny, well-nourished child."

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaar.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE WOMAN WHO TRAVELS.

When in "Clementina," that very clever novel by A. E. W. Mason, says a lady correspondent in mail week, the adventurous hero goes to the rescue of the errant female in want of a postillion, that lady in distress rushes out to meet him arrayed in a dress about which were "knotted" many laces and ribbons "in a manner most mysterious." This and a large muslin bow at her throat added to her "gossamer" appearance, and made her seem "too flowerlike" for the world's rough usage. There is something exquisitely mannish in this description—men still hanker secretly after "gossamer" womankind. But although at a garden party, on a racecourse, or in a ball room we may try to be flowerlike, nowadays when we travel we put these fripperies far from us, and wish to be as workmanlike, simple, and comfortable as is possible.

UTILITARIAN WARDROBES.

The holiday spirit is now abroad, and all save a few long to throw conventionality aside, and revel in lax and easy raiment. The woman who wishes to live in a suit-case for a month must plan her clothing with an ingenious mind. A coat and skirt is, of course, essential, and if she crosses the Channel a mole-coloured silk alpaca or Shantung costume will serve her purpose best. There is a lovely silk obtainable from India that resembles Shantung, just as the old-fashioned homespun, hand-woven linen sheet resembles its finer-looking, modern-manufactured sister. It is heavier in make, but not in weight, and it does not crush so readily as Shantung, and it is an ideal material for traveling costumes and coats. Lingerie blouses are dainty, but at the end of the day they are often chiffone. Better is a crepe de Chine blouse—it does not crush—or a quaint soft shirt of Liberty printed or Syrian silk. Travelling hats are very smart this year. The conical ones, with flat rim turned up behind, and just a flat satin Alsatian bow in front, are neat and useful. One in golden brown, with the turned-up brim behind covered with green silk put on a little full, and a flat green silk bow in front set in a brown straw buckle looks well. Another excellent hat for long journeys is of soft cloth, shaped like a biretta, with quaint hand embroidery in wool on its turned-up brim, and a flat embroidered rosette at each side. A grey cloth cap with Russian embroidery in purple and dim gold made like this is also effective.

FOR MOTORING AND CAMPING.

As for motoring, the variety in motor clothes increases every day, but still the essentials are a loose coat and becoming veiling. For those who plan a long round northwards, leather coats are now made in many exquisite shades, while those who project a tour, say, in France, to ancient castles and quaint mediæval towns, should remember that the outer wraps are not everything, and that beneath them a woman should have a smart and dainty costume. In a summer like this, a camping out holiday is enjoyable, provided one has plenty of tents and servants to do the work. Women who go away with one tent and do their own work soon regret it, for, although it may be an interesting social experiment, it is not a holiday. For camping-out a short skirt, a coat, and several shirt blouses are essential. One professedly lives the simple life, and must dress to suit the part. A couple of pretty soft silk blouses for evening wear, with a dainty silk skirt, should suffice. A word about underwear. For genuine travelling, when there are night journeys and changes of climate, it is best to abandon the fine lace-trimmed lawn and cambric lingerie, and adopt one of the various excellent makes of porous underwear. The extra garments do not take up much room, and they are altogether more hygienic. Kid and suede gloves should also be discarded, and cotton ones, a little loose, should be worn. They are not amiss if well-cut, and porous gloves are bad—they let all the dust through,

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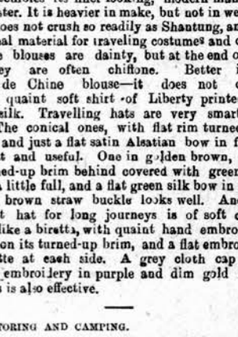

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ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE NIGHTINGALE.

The theory advanced by Messrs. Ticehurst and Jourdain to account for the remarkable distribution of the nightingale in this country is that it instinctively avoids ranges of elevated land. They point out that, even in counties like Oxfordshire and Berkshire, well within its breeding range, it is common only in the wooded lowlands. On the Chiltern Hills, the Cotswold Hills, and the Lambourne Downs, it is said to be practically unknown. Yet these isolated masses of high land do not interfere with its general distribution in these counties. But the heights of Dartmoor and Exmoor form a barrier to the West which the nightingale does not pass.

SOME OF ITS BOUNDARIES.

Another boundary on the West is the great Cambrian system of mountains stretching from the Berwyns south through Montgomery, Radnorshire, and Brecknockshire to Glamorganshire. Further north the Pennine Chain forms the western limit. A comparatively small number of nightingales work their way up from the Severn Valley to Cheshire. This way of accounting for the nightingale in Cheshire may be the correct one, but it must be remembered that they may have spread westwards across the Central plain. Others are said to pass down the Valley of the Trent into the eastern part of Yorkshire as far as the mouth of the Tees. That is to say, there are records of its having been heard there, though it has not been known to breed so far north.

ITS FARTHEST NORTH.

The proper northern limit of the nightingale in Yorkshire is a line drawn throdgh Rotherham, Barnsley, Wakefield, Leeds, Harrogate, Boroughbridge, Skelton (three miles north of York), by Beverley, to Hornsea on the East coast. The idea brought forward by Messrs. Ticehurst and Jourdain in their paper is that the nightingale instinctively avoids high grounds, and this will doubtless account for much in its remarkable distribution in this country. It hardly, however, affords a complete explanation of all the facts. There is, for example, no great barrier like Dartmoor or Exmoor to prevent it spreading north into Durham and Northumberland. And it is specially remarkable that four miles north of York should limit its range in this country, when on the Continent it goes as far as Copenhagen.

DOES HIGH LAND STOP THEM?

Again, although it may be a fact well established that nightingales avoid the higher grounds as breeding areas, there is nothing to show that they do not fly over such districts to reach more desirable grounds beyond. It would be strange, indeed, if a bird which crosses the seas to reach this country should be stopped by such inconsiderable elevations as Dartmoor from reaching the suitable wooded valleys of western Devonshire and Cornwall. Again, it may be asked, Why are they absent from Ireland? Other migrants, such as the swallow, seem to arrive directly on the south coast of Ireland in the spring journey northwards. Why should not the nightingale reach it thus also? The facts almost seem to suggest that they all arrive by the shortest sea passage from France, and spread fan-like north and west as far as their numbers permit.

AMERICAN LINNET IN HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

It is a scientific problem of some importance to determine whether a species, when it changes its environment, changes also its characters. When, for example, a plant or animal is taken from one country to another, is it modified in response to its changed surroundings? The sparrow which has been introduced into, New Zealand and elsewhere does not appear to exhibit any such change, though living under very different conditions. According to Joseph Grinnell, however, who writes in the Zoological Publications of the University of California, the American linnet introduced into the Hawaiian Islands does show certain changes, which apparently must be attributed to change in surroundings. The bird was introduced to these islands from California some forty years ago. The slight variation which occurs is one of colour. In the United States the brightly coloured parts of the plumage are all red after the moult of the young birds. Rather infrequently there occur individuals of three other colours, viz., yellow, orange, or orange and yellow intermixed. A series of linnets collected in the Hawaiian Islands, however, are all of the yellow or orange type. And it is contended that this change in the species is in some way due to the change in its surroundings. The author suggests that close inter-breeding may have induced an incapacity for the production of the red colour, and, as a consequence, the oxidation of the colouring matter is not carried beyond the yellow or orange stage.

TEA AND YEAST.

The production of tea from the leaf of the tea plant is a process of fermentation. By it the peculiar flavour and properties are developed. In a paper contributed to an agricultural periodical, Ch. Bernard suggests that yeast cells may possibly play a part in the development of the aroma. He finds that these cells are constantly present on tea leaves, and that they increase during the various stages of its preparation. This appears to be the case in all tea plantations, and whether they influence the aroma or not, they are certainly not deleterious.

BEETLE FUNGUS.

In a German botanical review, F. W. Neger gives the result of his continued investigations of the so-called Ambrosia fungus. It appears that this fungus is cultivated by certain species of beetle, inside the galls, they make on certain trees as food for their larvæ. The growth of the gall is caused by the beetle, and in it the fungus is represented by a ball of fibres apparently placed there by the insect. Other fungi are occasionally present as impurities. Some of the insects which take possession of the galls graze on the fungi after they have eaten the grub of the beetle, while others avoid it.

EUGENICS IN AMERICA.

It is fifty years since Darwin stated his opinion that only one man in a thousand has sufficient accuracy of eye and judgment to make a successful breeder. "If gifted with these qualities, and he studies the subject for years, and devotes his lifetime to it with indomitable perseverance, he will succeed, and may make great improvement. If he wants any of these qualities he will assuredly fail." What is true of the breeder of animals is equally true of the breeder of plants. And if breeding is but an art, and for some time to come likely to remain so in the case of animals and plants, what are we to say about the condition of that art in the case of human beings? The American Breeders' Association has shown itself alive to the importance of bringing human needs and industries into intimate relation with the fundamental science of heredity. It has established a Committee on Eugenics, the aim of this step being "to investigate and report on heredity in the human race; to devise methods of recording the values of the blood of individuals, families, peoples, and races; to emphasise the value of superior blood, and the menace to society of inferior blood; and to suggest methods of improving the heredity of the family, the people, and the race." Among the members are men of such academic distinction as David Starr Jordan, Professors C. B. Davenport, Castle, and Kellogg, in addition to many breeders who appreciate the urgency of the problems that have to be faced. The secretary of the Committee puts the case very plainly when he says that we have become so used to crime, degeneracy, and disease that we look upon them as necessary evils. And of course in time past, before the frontiers of our knowledge of the subject were extended, this was really the case. But there is no longer any excuse for this pessimism. If a "new" plague were to make its appearance, doing as much mischief to the community as, for instance, consumption, there is little doubt that millions would be forthcoming for the means to cope with it. And he goes on to say that the millions now lavished upon charitable objects would do untold more good if they were devoted to eugenics. "He who, by such a gift, would redeem mankind from vice and suffering would be the world's wisest philanthropist." As far as the realm of peace is concerned, Mr. Carnegie is optimistic enough to think we are on the threshold of a new era. There is yet another realm for him to conquer. He may win the title of "the world's wisest philanthropist."

Canadian meat exporters are now endeavouring to obtain a footing in the Swiss market. Two hundred carcases of frozen beef have been sent to Switzerland to compete with Australasian beef.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 21.

(Before the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor.)

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

584-10 Bhaishankar K and G Memon Bochoomiya Joosabmiya vs Sakerbai widow Nanu H and Co.
114-10 Pestonji R K and Co Abdul Kayum Ebrahim and others vs Sharafally Mahomedally Mahomadally Tawalla Payne and Co
2-10 Crawford B and Co The Municipal Commr. for the City of Bombay and another vs Muncherji Pestonji Choksey Ardeshir H D and Co
1035-09 Hiralal and Co Golam Hussein Mulla Hussanalli vs Ramabai widow and another
477-09 Mirza M and M Kapilram Hadreoram vs Atmaram H Nazar and others Edgelow G W and Co
947-10 Thakurdas and Co Syed Ahmed Abdul Rehman vs Dhulla Kupa and another Mehta and D
638-08 Tyabji D and Co Balkissondas Shivlal and another vs Girdharilal Akheram Mulla and M

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

896-10 Mulji and K Haji Jan Mahomed Moosa vs Haji Noor Mahomed Haji Esmail Payne and Co.
383-99 Crawford B and Co. Goolam Mahomed Haji Esmail vs Sale Mahomed Haji Ahmed Noorani and others Payne and Co Matubhai J and M. Not to be called till 3rd August 1911.
410-10 Mulji and K Karimbhai Peermahomed and Co vs Bai Maneokbai widow and others Nanu H and Co.
382-07 M B Chotia Aboo Mahomed Poonjani vs Haji Moosa Abba and others Khunderao L and W.
51-93 Mirza M and M (a pauper) Halimabai and another vs Amirbibi widow and others Nadirsha and D T A Gandhi Tyabji D and Co.
221-11 Mirza M and M Khan Saheb Shaikh Ebrahim Hafiz and another vs Mahomed Hoosein Haji Moosa Captain and V.
917-09 Matubhai J and M Manockji Hormusji Sanjana and others vs Nusserwanji Rustomji Mistry and another Little and Co
910-09 Payne and Co Haji Jakaria Haji Ahmed Patel vs Bai Rehamabai widow and others Payne and Co Captain and V.
927-07 Ardeshir H D and Co Ebrahim Haji Mahomed and another vs Khan Bahadur Hakim Mahomed Dayum and others Payne and Co Pestonji R K and Co Captain and V and Vrdeshir H D and Co
740-05 Jehangir M S Karnidan Chotmal and others vs Dhanabai widow and others.
1105-05 Edgelow G W and Co; Abdulla Gulam Hoosein vs. Remoobhai Allana and others Thakurdas and Co.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Mcleod).

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Commercial Causes.

236-11 Crawford B and Co A Blascheck and Co vs Sakhichand Ramchand Edgelow G W and Co.
296-11 Eugelow G W and Co, Lakhichand Ramchand vs Messrs. Gaddum and Co, and another Wadia G and Co. Edgelow G W and Co.

Long Causes.

845-10 Mehta and D Amirruddin Nurudin vs Abdul Hoosein Nurudin and others J R Patell and Co.
457-11 Ardesher H D and Co. Messrs Warden and Co William W vs Ramiah Haji and others Wadia G and Co.
974-10 Captain and V Deoji Hirji and Co. vs Ramiah Haji and others.
352-10 Kanga and S Bertie Smith and Co Ld vs Hormasji Ratonji Oomrigar, Jehangir and Co.
723-10 Nanu H and Co Rakhibai widow and others Morarji Mengji and others.
665-10 Shamrao M and H Messrs Nahgardas Purshotamdas and Co vs Messrs Kapadia Bros Mulla and M.
726-10 Jamshedji R and D Vallivahu widow vs Purshotam Vishram Mowji Dikshit D and S.
883-10 Crawford B and Co the trustee for the Improvement of the City of Bombay vs Yemnabai widow and others Payne and Co.
893-10 Tyabji D and Co. Bai Auratbai widow and others, Khoja Ebrahim Purbai and others Jamshedji R and D.
894-10 Subnis and G Kailia Nayan Radha Kisson vs Shriram Mota and Co. Bickell M and R.
721-10 Mulla and M Bomanji Rastomji vs Chandulal Dalsukram Javeri Raghavaya B and N.
427-10 Motichand and D Ghellabhai Lilladhar and Co vs. Tejpal Ramsey, Shroff D and D.
907-10 Captain and V Mulji Pradhan vs. Jehangir B Petit and Co. Wadia G W and Co.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY LIEUT. STANLEY REED, COMMANDING, Bo. L. H.

Bombay, 21st August.

There will be drill in the Town Hall for all members to-morrow evening, Tuesday the 22nd instant, from 6 p.m. The Delhi Contingent are specially requested to attend.

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg.-Adjt. B. L. H

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 21st August.

662. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for class-firing as follows:—
Sunday, the 27th instant, "D" Coy. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-50 a.m.
663. The Miniature Range at Carnac Road will be open for matches 13 to 15 on Sunday, the 27th instant, from 9 a.m. to 12 noon.
664. Parade—"G" Company will parade at the Bombay Gymkhana this Monday morning, the 21st instant, at 7-30, instead of Wednesday.
All Recruits of the current season should endeavour to attend.
Dress—Mufti. Rifles will be issued on parade.
665. Extract from Brigade Orders dated 17th August 1911 is published for information:—
No 770. Bombay Volunteer Rifles—Major Thomas Shepherd Novis, I M S, to be Medical Officer, vice Lieut-Col G P Dimmock, resigned, dated 11th August 1911.
666. Enrolments—The undernamed having been re-enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "C" Co:—
No. 6.69 Vol W A Chaves
The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to C Coy:—
No 7171 Vol G H Cooke
No 71 2 Vol R W Roberts

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. W. R. PENNINGTON, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 21st August.

202. Lecture.—A lecture will be delivered by Capt C T M Leckie 104th Rifles in the Lecture Room Colaba on Wednesday, 23rd instant at 12 noon.
Subject:—Communications in the Field. All members are invited to attend.
Mufti may be worn.
200. Meeting Rifle Association—There will be a general meeting of the members of the B V A Rifle Association at the B V A Club on Thursday next, the 24th instant at 7 p.m. All interested in shooting are requested to attend.
Note:—All members of the B V A (including R E Company) are members of the Association.
191 Class Badges—Badges for Company Classification for members of No 2 Company can be obtained from Corps Headquarters any day (Sunday excepted) from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.
195. Annual Distribution of Prizes.—The Annual Distribution of Prizes of the Corps will take place in the Town Hall, on Friday 22nd September, 1911, at 9-30 p.m to be followed by a dance.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL. C & B CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES.

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A Clergyman

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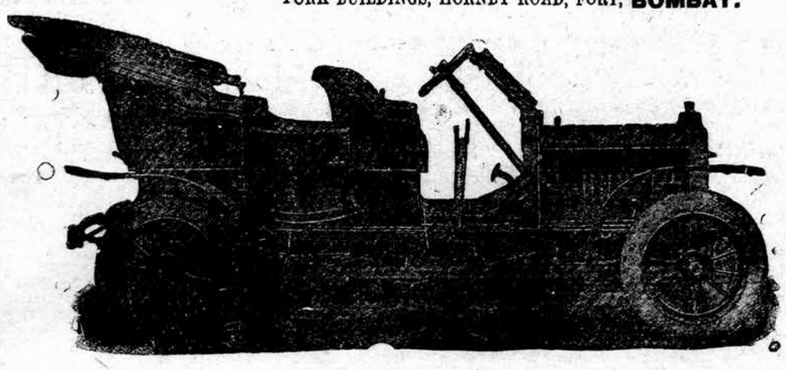

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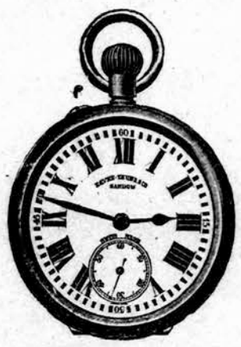

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Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.
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